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| Health and Safety Policies |

Version: 1.2

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**Version Control:**

* Minor adjustments should be indicated by changing the number after the full-stop and will not change the adoption date. Such changes will be noted, and approved by Trustees using the Review History
* More significant adjustments should be indicated by changing to the next whole number (i.e. version 1.12 would move to version 2.0 after a significant change) and would then need to be formally adopted.

**Review History**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **By** | **Changes Made** | **Approved by Trustees** |
| 22.05.22 | David Harding | V1.1  Information added to page 11 under the Electronic Systems & Equipment section to specify that PAT testing must take place annually for all relevant appliances. |  |
| 23.05.22 | David Harding | V1.2  Section added on Page 16 to include mental health awareness. |  |
| 13.06.23 | Kirsten McLaren | V1.2  Page 12 – Electronic Systems and Equipment  Revise PAT testing to indicate it must be undertaken regularly (regulations specify regularly, not annually - the point of testing is to maintain a safe environment, so testing should be done as often as necessary to ensure equipment is functioning properly. For some items it may be more or less frequent than annual.)  Whole Policy – minor formatting updates for pagination |  |
| 21.05.24 | David Harding | Section on First Aid and contacting emergency service to be included in a separate policy for each school. |  |
| 21.05.24 | David Harding | Section added on ‘sharps’ |  |
| 21.05.2025 | Helen Bonser | Specialist advice – LCC changed to an appropriate external provider |  |
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|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

###### Contents

[Health and Safety Policy](#_Toc167191337)

[ Statement of Intent 6](#_Toc167191338)

[ Legal Framework 6](#_Toc167191339)-7

[ Roles and Responsibilities 7](#_Toc167191340)-9

[Trustees 7](#_Toc167191341)

[Governors 7](#_Toc167191342)

[Head Teacher 7](#_Toc167191343)-8

[Senior Leadership Team / Line Managers 8](#_Toc167191344)

[Premises Officer 8](#_Toc167191345)

[All Employees, Including Those Identified Above 8](#_Toc167191346)-9

[Pupils 9](#_Toc167191347)

[ Over-arching Organisational Arrangements 9](#_Toc167191348)-10

[Health and Safety Objectives 9](#_Toc167191349)

[Communication 9](#_Toc167191350)

[Financial Resources 10](#_Toc167191351)

[Specialist Advice and Support 10](#_Toc167191352)

[ Training 10](#_Toc167191353)

[ Risk Management / Risk Assessment 10](#_Toc167191354)

[New and Expectant Mothers 10](#_Toc167191355)

[Young Workers 10](#_Toc167191356)

[ Management of Premises and Activities](#_Toc167191357) 11-21

[Asbestos 11](#_Toc167191358)

[Air Conditioning 11](#_Toc167191359)

[Animals 11](#_Toc167191360)-12

[Display Screen Equipment 12](#_Toc167191361)

[Driving 12](#_Toc167191362)-13

[Electrical Systems and Equipment 13](#_Toc167191363)

[Excavation and Safe Digging 13](#_Toc167191364)

[Fire Safety 13](#_Toc167191365)-14

[First Aid 14](#_Toc167191366)

[Glass and Glazing 14](#_Toc167191367)

[Grounds Safety and Maintenance 15](#_Toc167191368)

[Hazardous Substances and COSHH 15](#_Toc167191369)-16

[Housekeeping 16](#_Toc167191370)

[Jewellery 16](#_Toc167191371)

[Lettings 16](#_Toc167191372)-17

[Lone Working 17](#_Toc167191373)

[Medicines / Supporting Pupils with Medical Needs 17](#_Toc167191374)

[Mental Health 17](#_Toc167191375)

[Moving and Handling / Manual Handling 17](#_Toc167191376)-18

[Noise 18](#_Toc167191377)

[Occupational Health, including Work-Related Stress 18](#_Toc167191378)

[Off-Site Visits 18](#_Toc167191379)

[Plants and Vegetables 19](#_Toc167191380)

[Security 19](#_Toc167191381)

[Severe / Adverse Weather 19](#_Toc167191382)-20

[Shared Site Users 20](#_Toc167191383)-21

[ Sharps 21](#_Toc167191384)-22

[Smoking 22](#_Toc167191385)-23

[Stress 23](#_Toc167191386)

[Swimming Pool Operating Procedures 23](#_Toc167191387)

[Vehicle Management 23](#_Toc167191388)-24

[Water Hygiene 24](#_Toc167191389)

[Working at Height 24](#_Toc167191390)-25

[Workplace Harassment and Violence / Challenging Behaviour and Violence at Work 25](#_Toc167191391)

[ Monitoring and Inspections 25](#_Toc167191392)-26

[Statutory Inspections 25](#_Toc167191393)

[Workplace Inspections 26](#_Toc167191394)

[Defect Reporting 26](#_Toc167191395)

[ Incident Management 26](#_Toc167191396)-28

[Evacuation 26](#_Toc167191397)

[Invacuation / Lock Down 27](#_Toc167191398)

[Accidents and Assaults 27](#_Toc167191399)

[Reportable Accidents and Incidents 27](#_Toc167191400)

[Near Misses 27](#_Toc167191401)

[Dealing with Health and Safety Emergencies 27](#_Toc167191402)-28

[ Monitoring and Review 28](#_Toc167191403)-29

[General 28](#_Toc167191404)-29

[Audit 29](#_Toc167191405)

[Lone Working Policy 30](#_Toc167191406)-31

[ Roles and Responsibilities 30](#_Toc167191407)

[Head Teachers 30](#_Toc167191408)

[Line Managers 30](#_Toc167191409)

[Employees 31](#_Toc167191410)

[ Risk Management for Lone Workers 31](#_Toc167191411)

[ Monitoring 31](#_Toc167191412)

[Policy for the Management of Contractors 32](#_Toc167191413)-37

[ Roles and Responsibilities 32](#_Toc167191414)

[Head Teacher 32](#_Toc167191415)

[School Staff 33](#_Toc167191416)

[Contractors 33](#_Toc167191417)

[ Planning 33](#_Toc167191418)

[ CDM Regulations 33](#_Toc167191419)-34

[ Selection of Contractors 34](#_Toc167191420)

[ Risk Assessments 35](#_Toc167191421)

[ Safeguarding 35](#_Toc167191422)

[Identification 35](#_Toc167191423)

[ Working Together 35](#_Toc167191424)-36

[ Managing Contractors 36](#_Toc167191425)-37

[ Monitoring and Review 37](#_Toc167191426)

[Appendices](#_Toc167191427)

[ Appendix 1: Maintenance and Inspection Checklist 39](#_Toc167191428)-41

[In-School Inspections 39](#_Toc167191429)

[Independent Contractor Inspections 39](#_Toc167191430)-41

[ Appendix 2: Health and Safety Induction for New Employees 42](#_Toc167191431)-43

[ Appendix 3: Training Matrix 44](#_Toc167191432)-45

[ Appendix 4: Fire & Emergency Action Plan – Glenmere Primary School 46](#_Toc167191433)-52

[Evacuation Procedure 46-51](#_Toc167191434)

[Invacuation (Lock-down) Procedure 51-52](#_Toc167191435)

[ Appendix 5: Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP) Template 53](#_Toc167191436)-58

[ Appendix 6: Security Plan – Glenmere Primary School 59](#_Toc167191437)-62

[Physical Security 59](#_Toc167191438)-60

[Procedural Security 60](#_Toc167191439)-61

[Reporting Security Concerns 61-62](#_Toc167191440)

[ Appendix 7: Arrangements for Vehicle Management – Glenmere Primary School 63](#_Toc167191441)

[Cycles and Scooters](#_Toc167191442) 63

[Grounds Maintenance Vehicles 63](#_Toc167191443)

[Vehicles belonging to Staff, Visitors and Parents 63](#_Toc167191444)

[Deliveries 63](#_Toc167191445)

[Coaches (Educational Visits) 63](#_Toc167191446)

[Maintenance of Vehicles Owned/Leased by the School 63](#_Toc167191447)

[ Appendix 8: Approved List of Working at Height Activities – Glenmere Primary School 64](#_Toc167191448)-65

[Any Time 64-65](#_Toc167191449)

[Any Time Except when Lone Working 64-65](#_Toc167191450)

[ Appendix 9: Near Miss Report Form (Example) 66](#_Toc167191451)

[ Appendix 10: Contractor Induction Form 67](#_Toc167191452)-68

[ Appendix 11: Corona Virus (COVID-19) Addendum 69](#_Toc167191453)

# Health and Safety Policy

## Statement of Intent

As a responsible employer, the OWLS Academy Trust recognises that they have a legal obligation to protect the health, safety and welfare of employees, pupils, visitors and other users of its premises, so far as is reasonably practicable.

The Trust considers that ensuring the safety of our community is of paramount importance and this policy reflects our commitment to creating a safe environment across our school sites.

The Trust is committed to:

* Providing a productive and safe learning / working environment;
* Preventing accidents and any work-related illnesses;
* Compliance with all statutory requirements and, where possible, with best practice;
* Developing and implementing a systematic approach to identify risks, which promotes the principles of sensible risk management;
* Providing safe working equipment and ensuring safe working methods;
* Providing suitable information, instruction, training and supervision;
* Promoting a positive health and safety culture that is demonstrated by open communication and a shared commitment to the importance of health, safety and welfare;
* Setting high targets and objectives to develop a culture of continuous improvement in respect of health and safety;
* Ensuring adequate resources are available to address health and safety issues, so far as is reasonably practicable;
* Monitoring and reviewing our policies and practices to ensure effectiveness.

All employees of the OWLS Academy Trust have a responsibility to take reasonable care of themselves and others, and to co-operate with the management staff of their base school to ensure statutory duties and obligations are fulfilled.

In addition to their statutory duties, Head Teachers and Teachers have a common law duty of care for pupils, stemming from their position in law “in loco parentis”.

A separate Health and Safety Guidance Manual provides further information and guidance to schools regarding key aspects of this policy.

## Legal Framework

This policy has due regard to statutory legislation including, but not limited to:

* Health and Safety at Work Act (1974);
* Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations (1992);
* Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations (1999);
* Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (2002);
* Reporting of Injuries, Diseased and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) (2013);
* The Construction (Design and Management) Regulations (2015)

This policy also has due regard to national guidance including, but not limited to:

* Health and Safety: Advice on Legal Duties and Powers (DfE, 2014);
* Health and Safety for School Children (DfE, 2015);
* Safe Storage and Disposal of Hazardous Materials and Chemicals (DfE, 2017)
* Keeping Children Safe in Education (DfE, 2018);
* Sensible Health and Safety Management in Schools (HSE, 2014)

## Roles and Responsibilities

### Trustees

The Trustees of the OWLS Academy Trust, have overall responsibility, as the employer, for ensuring compliance with health and safety legislation and for ensuring the health, safety and welfare of employees, pupils, visitors, contractors and volunteers. The Trustees are responsible for determining the Overarching Health and Safety Policies for all schools within the OWLS Academy Trust.

### Governors

The Local Governing Body of each school within the OWLS Academy Trust are responsible for:

* Determining local detail where required within the Trust Health and Safety Policies;
* Allocating sufficient funds for health and safety;
* Establishing clear lines of accountability for health and safety;
* Periodically assessing the effectiveness of the policy and ensure that any necessary changes are made to reflect local circumstances;
* Identifying and evaluating risks relating to possible accidents and incidents within the school;
* Providing access to competent health and safety advice.

### Head Teacher

Without limiting the responsibility of the Local Governing Body and the Trustees, the Head Teachers will oversee the day-to-day management of safety and the implementation of this policy within their school.

The Head Teachers will comply with the health and safety policy and in particular will:

* Have overall responsibility for the data-to-day development and implementation of safe working practices and conditions for all staff, pupils and visitors to their school site;
* Make themselves familiar with any documentation and/or instruction referring to the health and safety arrangements for staff, building maintenance or operation, and will maintain an up to date system of policies, procedures and risk assessments;
* Work with trade unions and employee health and safety representatives to ensure that all employees are aware of and accountable for their specific health and safety responsibilities and duties;
* In the event of any hazard or risk to health and safety of any persons under their control, take appropriate action to control the hazard/risk;
* Ensure the health and safety policy, procedures, action plan and risk management programme is implemented as an integral part of business, operational planning and service delivery;
* Liaise with the Local Governing Body and CEO;
* Undertake monitoring and ensure the provision of adequate resources to achieve compliance;
* Ensure that local procedures for the selection and monitoring of contractors are in place;
* Take appropriate action under the Trust’s disciplinary procedures against anyone under their control found not complying with health and safety policies and/or procedures;
* Comply with the duties of All Employees (as set out below).

### Senior Leadership Team / Line Managers

Under the direction of the Head Teacher, the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) and those with Line Management Responsibilities will undertake general responsibility to ensure that all necessary health and safety activities, requirements and standards are undertaken and met within their respective areas of control, and will:

* Make themselves familiar with and conform to this policy, including any instructions and requirements for safe methods of work;
* Take responsibility for the implementation and operation of the Health and Safety Policies within their department / areas of responsibility as delegated by the Head Teacher;
* Be responsible for aspects of health and safety that are included in their job description;
* Take a keen interest in the Health and Safety Policy and procedures, and assist in ensuring that all staff, pupils and visitors comply with its requirements;
* Comply with the duties of All Employees (as set out below).

### Premises Officer

The Premises Officer is responsible for:

* Maintaining an understanding of the requirements of this policies document in relation to their own job purpose;
* Maintaining an awareness of the relevant premises-related health and safety legislation, issues and procedures;
* Controlling contractors working on the premises and ensure that hazard information has been exchanged and suitable risk control measures are implemented;
* Ensuring that adequate security arrangements are maintained;
* Maintaining the safety of the building and grounds, ensuring that all premises related hazards are adequately identified and assessed and that suitable and sufficient control measures are implemented and monitored;
* Arranging regular inspections, testing and maintenance of all plant, equipment and systems, as required by Health and Safety legislation, this document and/or local requirements of the school, taking follow-up action as necessary and maintaining accurate records to evidence that this has taken place (see Appendix 1: Maintenance and Inspections Checklist);
* Complying with the duties of All Employees (as set out below)

### All Employees, Including Those Identified Above

All employees must comply with this policy and associated arrangements, in addition to any specific responsibilities which may be delegated to them. All employees are therefore required to:

* Take reasonable care of their own health and safety and that of others who may be affected by their actions or by their omissions;
* Co-operate with their line manager and senior management to work safely;
* Comply with health and safety instructions and information and undertake appropriate health and safety training as required;
* Not intentionally or recklessly interfere with or misuse anything provided in the interests of health, safety and welfare;
* Report to their manager, or to the school office, any health and safety concerns, hazardous condition or defect in the health and safety arrangements;
* Support the school in embedding a positive safety culture that extends to pupils and any visitors to the site;
* Use the correct equipment and tools for the job, including making use of any protective clothing supplied;
* Ensure any chemicals are used correctly and are stored and labelled as appropriate;
* Ensure pupils are aware of their responsibilities in respect of health and safety (as set out below) as appropriate to their age and understanding.

Appendix 2 provides Health and Safety Induction guidance for new employees.

### Pupils

Pupils are expected to:

* Exercise personal responsibility for the health and safety of themselves and others;
* Dress in a manner that is consistent with safety and hygiene standards;
* Comply with all health and safety instructions given by staff;
* Observe the health and safety rules of the school;
* Not misuse, neglect or interfere with items supplied for their and other pupils’ health and safety;
* Report to a member of staff if they have any health and safety concerns.

## Over-arching Organisational Arrangements

### Health and Safety Objectives

The Local Governing Body and the Head Teacher will review health and safety compliance and achievement of any objectives at a termly meeting of an appropriate sub-committee (e.g. Safeguarding/Health and Safety Committee). Where necessary health and safety improvements will be identified and included within the school’s action plan.

### Communication

Communication channels will be established for the exchange of health and safety knowledge and information. Where necessary, these communications will be recorded and will include:

* SLT meetings;
* Staff meetings;
* Provision of information relating to safe systems of work and risk assessments;
* Training provided;
* Communications with relevant specialist advisors and bodies

Where health and safety issues cannot be resolved at local level, they will be escalated through the Trust structure as appropriate.

### Financial Resources

The Local Governing Body, along with the Head Teacher, will ensure that adequate resources are being deployed to ensure adequate health and safety management and control, taking account of identified issues and past performance.

### Specialist Advice and Support

Each school will ensure that access to competent technical advice on health and safety matters is procured to assist them in complying with statutory duties and meeting health and safety objectives.

Currently this is achieved via a Trust arrangement (Service Level Agreement) with an appropriate external provider.

## Training

The Local Governing Body and Head Teacher will consider health and safety training on an annual basis, focussing on mandatory training as a priority, in order to ensure that staff members are provided with the training they need for their job.

Appendix 3 sets out mandatory and suggested training for different staff within each school.

Training need not mean attendance at training courses – it may simply involve providing staff with basic instructions and information about health and safety in the school.

## Risk Management / Risk Assessment

Risk assessments are undertaken for tasks/activities where significant hazards have been identified or where there is a foreseeable risk of injury/ill health.

Across the Trust and within each school various persons are tasked with the development of risk assessments based on their knowledge, experience and competence. Risk assessments will be subject to consultation with all staff to whom they are relevant prior to sign off, and must then be available to staff at all times. Each school is responsible for informing all of their staff where/how they can view all risk assessments.

Risk assessments must be reviewed regularly to ensure they remain fit for purpose.

### New and Expectant Mothers

New and expectant mothers risk assessments will be conducted in line with HSE Guidance.

### Young Workers

Young person’s risk assessments will be carried out as necessary, for staff and volunteers.

## Management of Premises and Activities

### Asbestos

All schools across the Trust comply with the HSE’s approved code of practice “Managing and working with asbestos, Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012, Approved Code of Practice and Guidance (L143)”. The Trust is committed to preventing exposure to asbestos fibres to all persons that enter onto its premises.

Each school that was wholly or partially constructed prior to the UK asbestos ban (November 1999) has a whole site asbestos “management survey” from which a Local Asbestos Management Plan (LAMP) has been developed. The LAMP, along with the asbestos register, will be kept up to date.

A minimum 6-monthly visual inspection of all identified asbestos containing materials (ACMs) that are not encapsulated or in restricted access areas is undertaken and documented; where necessary more frequent checks of ACMs will be undertaken. Any concern relating to known or suspected ACMs is addressed in accordance with the procedures detailed in the school’s LAMP.

Prior to any works that will, or that have the potential to, alter the fabric of the building, a “refurbishment and demolition survey” will be procured in order to undertake a comprehensive assessment of the materials being disturbed prior to any works commencing. Where necessary works that are likely to disturb asbestos will be planned so as to avoid disturbance or the asbestos will be removed by competent licensed contractors prior to building works commencing.

### Air Conditioning

Air conditions units, where installed, must be subject to a regular programme of inspection and maintenance by suitably qualified / experienced contractors.

### Animals

Pets and other animals in school can enhance the learning environment. However, contact with animals can pose a risk of infection including gastro-intestinal infection, fungal infections and parasites.  Consideration must also be given to children with allergies or phobias of particular creatures.

Only mature and toilet trained pets should be considered and the Head Teacher should ensure that a knowledgeable person is responsible for the animal. There should be a written agreement within the school detailing:

* the types of animals allowed in the school
* how to manage them and permitted behaviour whilst on the premises
* where they can go and where they cannot got when in the school
* any insurance liability of owners and handlers

Before purchasing any school pets (e.g. fish, rabbits, guinea pigs, etc) schools must ensure there are appropriate arrangements in place for cleaning out tanks/hutches on a regular basis and for care of the animals during weekends and school holidays.

Animals should always be supervised when in contact with the children, and those handling animals should be instructed to wash their hands immediately afterwards. Animals should have recommended treatments and immunisations, be regularly groomed (including claws trimmed) and checked for signs of infection.

#### Visits to petting farms and zoos

There are a number of diseases that can be passed on to pupils and staff from infected farm animals such as campylobacter, salmonella and cryptosporidium. It is not possible to know which animals are carriers so a standard approach to reducing the risk of transmission of infection to children and staff should be taken.

### Display Screen Equipment

The Trust acknowledges that staff who use Display Screen Equipment (DSE) should:

* Have suitable equipment to undertake the tasks that they are required to carry out;
* Know how to safely use the equipment; and
* Have a DES assessment which is reviewed at suitable intervals.

Each school is therefore required to ensure that:

* All static workstations used by staff meet the minimum standards required;
* Equipment is maintained in good working condition;
* Staff are aware of best practice in using DSE and are issued with relevant information;
* Staff whose roles require significant use of DSE are prioritised for individual assessment;
* Assessments are reviewed every 3 years, and earlier if there are significant changes to equipment, layout or individual health;
* A trained DSE assessor is available.

### Driving

Staff who bring their own vehicles onto the school site must comply with the Vehicle Management section of this document.

#### Use of Personal Vehicles for Work Purposes

All staff who drive their own cars for work purposes (excludes travel between home and normal place(s) of work) **must** have a full UK driving licence and insurance which permits them to use their vehicle for business use. In addition, they must maintain their vehicle in a road worthy condition. Driving licence and insurance checks should be documented

Schools should carry out licence and insurance checks **before** first authorising a member of staff to use their vehicle for work purposes, and at least annually thereafter (as appropriate). Such checks should be documented.

Personal vehicles must NEVER be used for work purposes to transport pupils.

#### Use of Vehicles Owned/Leased by the School

Staff must hold an appropriate driving licence which permits them to drive the vehicle. Driving licence checks to verify this will be undertaken and recorded.

Drivers must sign the keys out and have them signed back in again upon the return of the vehicle. During the period in which they are in possession of the keys, the driver shall be deemed responsible for any speeding or parking fines incurred. Keys will only be signed out to a member of staff if their driving licence has been checked and recorded and if they are covered by the school’s insurance policy.

Before use, it is the driver’s responsibility to ensure that the tyre pressures have been checked, there is sufficient screen wash for the duration of the trip, and no warning lights are on.

Seat belts must be worn at all times, and mobile phones should be switched off (unless required for navigation purposes).

### Electrical Systems and Equipment

Schools within the Trust must maintain and service electrical systems and equipment in line with statutory guidance and best practice.

* Electrical systems (hard wiring) should be periodically inspected every 5-years by a competent contractor and records maintained. Any remedial works recommended should be acted upon in a timely manner.
* Portable electric appliances should be subject to a portable appliance test (PAT) in line with HSE guidance *“Maintaining portable electrical equipment in low risk environments”* (INDG236). These tests should be carried out regularly and may be carried out either by competent contractors or in house by trained staff and records must be maintained.

Portable electrical equipment should also be subject to a visual inspection by staff prior to each use, and must not be used if it appears damaged or defective.

Portable electrical equipment that is used in a static location (e.g. desktop PC, fridge, etc) should be subject to regular visual inspection.

### Excavation and Safe Digging

The Construction, Design and Management Regulations (2015) (regulation 22) set out that all practicable steps must be taken to prevent danger to people working in or around excavations.

In order to ensure compliance, suitable contractors should be used by all schools across the Trust when works requiring excavation are required to be carried out.

However, school staff may engage in digging activities associated with preparing and maintaining areas of the school grounds as a garden area. In such cases staff must ensure that:

* The work they undertake is within their capabilities;
* They use suitable tools for the task
* They avoid moving large amounts of earth;
* Before leaving the area the ground is left reasonably level, or if this is not possible (e.g. if double digging an area where it is not possible to complete the task in a single session), that the area is securely fenced off at a distance of at least 2m clear of the dig area, with appropriate signage clear displayed.

### Fire Safety

The Trust is committed to providing a safe environment for all users of its premises. Schools are required to manage the risk of fire by ensuring:

* Comprehensive fire risk assessments are in place, reviewed annually and any actions/improvements identified are progressed, giving consideration to risk and cost;
* A detailed fire and emergency evacuation plan is developed (Appendix 4) that clearly details actions to be taken when a fire is identified or suspected, individual responsibilities and arrangements for safe evacuation.
* A Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP) is developed for any person requiring assistance in an evacuation (Template - Appendix 5);
* Statutory inspections are carried out on all fire related systems and equipment, either by competent contractors or in house by trained staff;
* All staff receive fire awareness training appropriate to their role in school, that is regularly updated;
* Fire marshals (where in place) receive role specific instruction;
* A fire drill is undertaken at least termly to practice evacuation arrangements and ensure that the evacuation procedure is carried out successfully and as expected;
* A fire log book (or similar record), is kept and maintained, to record weekly, monthly and less frequent monitoring checks and fire drills.

### First Aid

Adequate first aid arrangements must be assessed, maintained and monitored at each school, including for all activities that the school leads. Each school will ensure that:

* At least one member of staff holds a valid “First Aid at Work” qualification and further staff hold an “Emergency First Aid at Work” qualification. In addition, sufficient numbers of staff should undertake Paediatric First Aid training, which may be delivered in conjunction with other First Aid qualifications or as a stand-alone course.
* The number of first aiders and appointed persons meets recommendations and adequate cover is available throughout the opening hours of the school building. Arrangements should allow for annual leave and unexpected absences.
* All first aiders and appointed persons hold a valid certificate of competence, a register of all qualified staff is maintained, and re-training is arranged as necessary;
* First aid notices are clearly displayed around the school;
* Sufficient numbers of suitably stocked first aid boxes are available and checked periodically to ensure they are adequately stocked and all supplies are within their expiry date;
* A suitable area is available for the provision of first aid;
* Staff are regularly informed of first aid arrangements within the school, through induction, staff training days and the staff handbook which is issued annually;
* Where first aid has been administered this is recorded in a first aid treatment book / accident book / bumps and scrapes book;
* Correct reporting procedures are followed including those required under RIDDOR regulations;
* Individual risk assessments have been carried out which consider first aid provision for lone workers and employees who travel in work vehicles that carry passengers.

In the event that there is no first-aider immediately available, a common-sense judgement should be made by those attending the injured party regarding whether to contact the emergency services.

### Glass and Glazing

Each school within the Trust will comply with the Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations 1992 and the Approved Code of Practice L24 as it relates to glass and glazing.

Schools will survey the glass surfaces in doors, windows and door side panels for the presence of safety glass and where appropriate will take remedial action to install safety glass or film and have it suitably marked to that effect.

### Grounds Safety and Maintenance

It is the responsibility of each school within the Trust to ensure that there is safe access and egress from the buildings and grounds, balancing the need for security against the need for emergency escape. Each school should ensure that there is a regime for maintaining the grounds, perimeter demarcation (where owned) and equipment (e.g. outdoor play equipment).

### Hazardous Substances and COSHH

The term “hazardous substance” describes a wide range of substances with the potential to cause harm if they are inhaled, ingested, injected or absorbed through the skin or released into the environment. This includes common substances such as cleaning materials.

Hazardous substances occur in the following forms from packaged item or work process:

* Substances or a mixture of substances classified as dangerous which carry warnings such as Toxic; Very Toxic; Harmful; Corrosive; Irritant; Sensitising; or Carcinogenic.
* Substances with workplace exposure limits (WELs), as listed in HSE guidance at <http://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/books/eh40.htm>
* Biological agents (bacteria, viruses and other micro-organisms)
* Any kind of dust in a specific concentration
* Any other substances which create a risk to health (e.g. liquids, vapours, gases, mist, fibres, solids or smoke)

All schools across the Trust are expected to comply with the HSE’s approved code of practice Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (L5) relating to the management and control of hazardous substances on site, ensuring that:

* An inventory of all hazardous substances on site is kept and updated regularly. This should include the trade name of the product, the name and contact details of the supplier, the approximate amount purchased per annum, any hazard classification labelling and the intended use;
* A product Safety Data Sheet will be obtained for any new product ordered;
* Non-hazardous alternative substances should be used where possible. If this is not possible then the least harmful substance should be used;
* A COSHH risk assessment will be completed for all hazardous substances used, and should be shared with relevant staff, monitored quarterly and reviewed annually;
* Wherever possible exposure to hazardous substances is prevented, and where exposure cannot be prevented then a risk assessment will be carried out and control measures implemented, including provision of appropriate PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) to staff where appropriate;
* Any requirement for exposure monitoring and/or health surveillance will be carried out;
* Sufficient information, instruction and training is given to staff to ensure full understanding of the hazards to health posed by substances in the workplace and the importance of control measures provided;
* Training records are maintained for those who receive training;
* Information is given to others who may be affected, such as contractors, temporary staff and visitors;
* Only substances purchased through the school’s procurement systems can be used on site;
* Substances are stored and labelled correctly in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions and with appropriate hazard signs displayed on storage areas/cupboards if necessary.
* Substances that are no longer used are disposed of correctly, as per the substance safety data sheet.

All members of staff who come into contact with hazardous substances are required to:

* Familiarise themselves with the relevant COSHH risk assessments, safety data sheets and relevant policies;
* Attend instruction and training, as appropriate, in the use of / contact with substances;
* Report any health symptoms arising from their work material to their line manager (e.g. skin irritation, breathing problems, etc);
* Use all control measures (e.g. ventilation, PPE) provided in the manner shown in their training;
* Follow recommended dilution rates and not decanting where possible;
* Wear/store appropriate PPE if provided, as designed, including carrying out maintenance and cleaning as required;
* Report any defects in PPE provided to their line manager;
* Assist in the compilation of risk assessments (where required);
* Make themselves available for any health or medical surveillance deemed necessary in relation to the substances;
* Ensure good standards of hygiene.

### Housekeeping

Each school must ensure that there is suitable and sufficient storage and that systems are in place for ensuring that items are included on an inventory and checked periodically where necessary for safety.

Each school should adopt systems and procedures for cleanliness, to minimise the accumulation of rubbish, for the removal and disposal of controlled waste and for the cleaning of spills/wet floors to reduce the risk of slips. Suitable and sufficient external waste bins must be available and should be secured from the risks of arson and tampering.

Where applicable and to accommodate the requirements of environmental legislation, schools should arrange for suitable disposal/recycling of relevant items (e.g. fluorescent lighting and waste electronic appliances.

### Jewellery

Each school’s uniform policy should set out its position on the wearing of earrings and other jewellery, and include any safety requirements.

All pupils must be required to remove all items of jewellery for PE lessons and any other activities for which particular items of jewellery may present an additional hazard. Where it is not possible for earrings to be removed (i.e. newly pierced ears) then they must be covered with tape, which the pupil will be required to apply him/herself.

### Lettings

The Trust has developed a Lettings Pack which includes information for hirers regarding evacuation, security and requirements relating to accident, assault and near miss reporting requirements and the provision of first aid.

Persons/organisations hiring all or part of the site must agree to:

* Co-operate and co-ordinate with the school on health and safety matters;
* Agree to the terms of letting in relation to health and safety arrangements;
* Provide information relating to any additional risks or procedures which will be new or unusual to those of the school that may arise from their activities.

The school must ensure that:

* The premises are in a safe condition for the purpose of use;
* The health and safety arrangements detailed in the Lettings Pack are fully explained and communicated to all individuals or groups hiring a space/area of the school premises;
* Adequate arrangements for emergency evacuation are in place and communicated.

### Lone Working

Each school will ensure through risk assessment that all staff who work alone are given suitable instruction on lone working procedures including communications, emergency procedures and any restrictions during lone working.

See also the Lone Working Policy within this document.

### Medicines / Supporting Pupils with Medical Needs

Each school should ensure that information, instruction and training is provided to staff in respect of any specific medical conditions of pupils and the procedures to follow in case of an emergency.

A separate policy (Administration of Medicines Policy) sets out the procedures which must be followed in respect of children’s medication, including storage and administration.

### Mental Health

The Owls Academy Trust recognizes that it has a duty of care towards all employees and pupils to promote good mental health and to provide support where necessary. All academies have access to mental health awareness training through government funded support or via the National College platform. Each school will have a senior mental health lead and an action plan is in place.

### Moving and Handling / Manual Handling

The Trust requires all schools to comply with the HSE’s approved code of practice “Manual Handling. Manual Handling Operations Regulations 1992 (as amended). Guidance on Regulations (L23)”.

Within any school there are a variety of moving and handling tasks that may be necessary, ranging from moving files to assisting an individual with mobility issues. OWLS schools must manage the risk associated with moving and handling / manual handling tasks by ensuring that:

* Moving and handling / manual handling is avoided whenever possible;
* If it cannot be avoided, moving and handling / manual handling is properly planned, has a relevant risk assessment, is carried out by competent staff and carried out in a manner which is, so far as is reasonably practicable, safe;
* Those undertaking specific moving and handling / manual handling tasks receive appropriate training, and training records are maintained;
* Any equipment provided to assist with moving and handling / manual handling tasks is maintained and serviced in accordance with statutory requirements;
* Any defective equipment is taken out of use until repaired or replaced;
* An individual risk assessment is completed for all new or expectant mothers and other staff with identified medical conditions that may be affected by undertaking moving and handling / manual handling tasks. This may result in some tasks being restricted;
* Any accidents resulting from moving and handling / manual handling operations are investigated to identify root causes, and additional controls implemented as required.

Members of staff are encouraged to inform the Head Teacher if they have sustained recent injuries, hernias, back problems, heart conditions or other physical issues which put them at increased risk from moving and handling / manual handling tasks.

Staff must use their own judgement regarding their own capability to complete a task *before* starting to undertake it, and should only proceed if they are confident that they can do so without causing injury to themselves or to others. If in doubt assistance must be sought.

### Noise

Schools should make arrangements for the assessment of risk protection and other control measures where the noise levels reach the action values as detailed within the Control of Noise at Work Regulations 2005.

Premises Staff must wear appropriate ear protection when operating noisy power tools / equipment where this is recommended by the manufacturer. Where possible such tools / equipment should not be operated during the normal school day; if this cannot be avoided children and staff should be excluded from the area.

### Occupational Health, including Work-Related Stress

The OWLS Academy Trust acknowledges that there are many factors, both work-related and personal that may contribute to staff being absent from work through injury and ill health including stress.

Schools within the OWLS Academy Trust follow the principles of the HSE guidance “Managing the causes of work-related stress (HS(G) 218)”, and have the following arrangements in place to locally manage staff health issues:

* Staff are advised that it is their responsibility to inform their line manager, the Head Teacher, or another member of the senior leadership team of any ill health issues;
* An appropriate senior member of staff will meet and discuss the ill health issues with the employee and consider what actions could be taken to support the staff member and, where appropriate, assist in reducing stress levels;
* Where appropriate, the member of staff will be offered a referral to an occupational health professional for advice and support;
* The member of staff will be advised that support can also be provided through their trade union, or where appropriate via self-referral to the Employee Wellbeing Service;
* A series of regular review meetings will be scheduled to monitor ill health and stress levels where they have been identified;
* If it is identified that there is a high occurrence of staff ill health or stress within a school, the Head Teacher should actively seek support to undertake a holistic assessment to identify what the possible root cause may be and implement a plan to improve the situation.

### Off-Site Visits

The OWLS Academy Trust requires that all of its schools adopt the National Guidance for the Management of Off-site visits and Learning Outside the Classroom (LOtC) activities.

### Plants and Vegetables

Before growing any vegetables intended for human consumption, schools should ensure that contamination tests have been carried out and that the land is suitable for this purpose.

Chemicals should not be used unless absolutely unavoidable.

Plants and vegetables to be grown should be selected only after due consideration has been given to their suitability for the age of children who will have access to them – this is particularly important in the cases of plants that are known to cause allergic reactions on contact or which are poisonous / have poisonous features.

Risk assessments must be completed, including individual risk assessments where an individual may have medical or health conditions which make them more vulnerable to illness or injury from gardening activities.

### Security

Each school within the Trust is responsible for making their own security arrangements, which should be documented in a Security Plan (Appendix 6)

### Severe / Adverse Weather

It is the aim of the Trust that all schools should remain open during adverse weather conditions, if reasonably practicable to do so and with the expectation that this can be done in a safe manner.

Suitable arrangements must be made for the clearing of snow as part of winter preparedness, including a gritting and snow clearing plan and risk assessment.

#### Remaining Open in Adverse Weather Conditions

When deciding whether the school can remain open, all risks identified within the schools Snow and Ice Risk Assessment will be reviewed, ensuring that the decision takes account both of the condition and safety of the school site and surrounding area and of the number of staff who can safely travel to school in time for the start of the school day.

Staff should exercise their own judgement as to whether they can safely travel to work, taking account of the local weather conditions, distance, availability of public transport and fitness to walk when making their decision, and are required to liaise with the head teacher to discuss options if their attendance is in doubt. Staff who arrive late for work will NOT have any pay deducted where their delay was wholly attributable to the weather conditions.

If the school remains open when there has been snowfall or the site is particularly icy, entry to the site may be restricted to specific gates / doors where access routes have been cleared and gritted. At the Head Teacher’s discretion, during periods of adverse weather conditions the playground may be out-of bounds. A winter gritting plan will be prepared by each school, indicating the priority for clearing and gritting different access routes around the site.

In order to comply with health and safety regulations, different age groups may be brought together to be taught under the supervision of the available teachers and support staff:

* No maximum class size limits are set out.
* A limit of 30 pupils per class will apply (in accordance with the Infant Class Size regulations) if the majority of children will reach the age or five, six or seven in that school year.

Where the school remains open following snowfall, children should wear their normal school uniform, but with suitable outer-wear suitable for them to play outdoors (e.g. during break/lunch times or in the event that staff organise special outdoor activities).

When a pupil cannot attend school due to the weather conditions, the pupil will be marked as having an authorised absence unless the head teacher believes that the pupil could have safely made it to school, in which case the absence will be unauthorised.

The OWLS Trust and its member schools are NOT responsible for clearing any paths/roads beyond the perimeter of the school boundary. However, the general condition of roads and pavements will be considered when deciding whether or not the school can safely remain open.

#### Decision to Close the School

Any decision to close the school or to delay the start of the school day will be made by the Head Teacher (or in their absence by the most senior member of staff available), in consultation with the Premises staff and the chair of Governors.

Due to the unpredictability of adverse weather, it is recognised that it may not be appropriate to make a decision regarding school closure until first thing in the morning. The aim to remain open where possible must, however, be balanced against a recognition that many parents will need time to make alternative childcare arrangements if a closure decision is reached. Therefore, the Trust expects that if a school is to close then parents and staff should be informed as soon as possible and not later than 7.30 am on the day of the closure.

A closure of the school during the day, and an early release of pupils and staff, will only be considered in extreme circumstances. Should this be necessary, parents will be contacted via text message or telephone and asked to collect their child(ren) from school. Sufficient numbers of staff will remain on site until such time as all children have been collected.

#### Exam Disruption

If the school has to close or if a child misses an exam due to adverse weather conditions, the school will make alternative arrangements with the relevant awarding body and communicate these to the pupil and their parents in a timely manner.

### Shared Site Users

Where two or more employers share a workplace (e.g. a pre-school operating from the school site), each employer shall co-operate with the other(s) to enable them to comply with their duties under health and safety legislation. The school, as the primary site user, will have the lead responsibility.

All users of a shared site must agree to:

* Co-operate and co-ordinate with the school on health and safety matters;
* Provide information relating to any additional risks or procedures which will be new or unusual to those of the school that may arise from their activities;
* Maintain a standard of health and safety which is reasonably practicable and at least equivalent to the standard maintained by the school so as to ensure the health, safety and welfare of all staff and users;
* Meet the insurance requirements of the school and the school’s insurance provider;
* Familiarise themselves with and communicate to their employees/users the school’s health and safety arrangements.

The school will ensure that:

* The premises are in a safe condition for the purpose of use;
* Adequate arrangements for emergency evacuation are in place and communicated;
* Users are consulted on health and safety matters;
* The school’s health and safety arrangements are made available to shared users.

## Sharps

For the purposes of this policy, “**sharps**” is defined as sharp objects such as needles, scalpels, razor blades and broken glass which pose a risk of an accidental penetrating injury or laceration or puncture to skin.

Sharps are not likely to be found commonly on school premises; however, staff will be vigilant towards the following circumstances in which sharps may be found:

* During school-based vaccination programmes
* Where an individual within the school requires injections to manage a health condition
* Where a pupil brings a sharp into the school
* Where glass is broken within the school, or broken glass is found on or around the school premises
* Where drug paraphernalia, e.g. heroin needles, is found on or around the school premises

In the context of this policy, offensive weapons are not considered sharps. Offensive weapons will be handled in line with the School Security Policy.

**Handling and disposing of a sharp**

All staff members will receive health and safety training as part of their induction, which will be refreshed **annually**. This training will include:

* The safe collection and disposal of sharps.
* Assembling sharps boxes and verifying that they are compliant with the accepted standards.
* The procedure to log incidents and who to inform.
* Immediate action in the event of sharps or needlestick injury.

Where an individual brings a sharp onto the school premises, e.g. a needle to manage a health condition, they will be responsible for its disposal. The use of needles for medication for an individual on the school premises will be managed in line with the Administering Medication Policy.

The headteacher will ensure that all pupils are informed that, where they see a sharp, they must alert the nearest staff member immediately and avoid touching the sharp.

Where a sharp is found, the nearest staff member will move all pupils away from the area in order to prevent accidental injuries and will guard the sharp while alerting another staff member to bring the sharps retrieval kit. Sharps retrieval kits will contain:

* Protective gloves.
* A pair of long-stemmed tongs.
* A pincer tool, e.g. tweezers.
* Brush and pan.
* Sharps box for disposal.

Sharps boxes will be marked ‘Danger: Contaminated Sharps’ and ‘Destroy by Incineration’. They will be kept off the floor and out of the reach of pupils. Sharps boxes must not be filled above the designated fill line on the outside of the box. Once filled, boxes will be sealed immediately and removed by a clinical waste contractor or a specialist collection service.

The staff member will check the surrounding area carefully to ensure that no other sharps are in the vicinity. Where the sharp cannot be removed immediately, e.g. due to a delay in obtaining the sharps retrieval kit, the nearest staff member will place a cone or box on top of the sharp to prevent anyone from touching or finding it.

The following procedure will be followed in the event that sharps are found on the school premises:

* Stall will wear protective gloves and will not handle sharps with bare hands.
* Staff will not handle sharps while barefoot or wearing open shoes, as injury may occur if the sharp is dropped on feet.
* Only one sharp will be handled at a time and, where there are multiple, sharps will be carefully separated using the pair of tongs.
* Sharps will be picked up using the relevant equipment, e.g. pair of tongs or brush and pan for broken glass, and place it into the sharps box, which will be brought to the sharp rather than the other way around.
* The appropriate staff, including the headteacher and site manager, will be informed.
* The incident will be recorded, with details of when, where and by whom the sharp was found.
* Sharps will be disposed of quickly and safely into the school’s sharps bin.

**Sharps injury**

First aid staff will be trained in handling sharps injuries, and will adhere following guidelines in case of injury from a contaminated sharp:

* Encourage the wound to bleed gently, ideally by holding it under running water
* Wash the wound using water and soap
* Avoid scrubbing the wound while washing
* Avoid sucking the wound
* Dry the wound and cover it with a waterproof dressing
* Seek medical advice

Injuries will be handled in line with the First Aid Policy.

### Smoking

The OWLS Academy Trust complies with UK law on smoking in both indoor and external spaces. The Trust has a no smoking policy which extends to the limits of the curtilage of each school site. This extends to the use of substitute inhalers and all types of vaping devices including e-cigarettes. Each school should display appropriate signage on site and will ensure that persons seen smoking on site are instructed not to do so.

### Stress

The OWLS Academy Trust recognises that workplace stress is a health and safety issue and acknowledge the importance of identifying and reducing workplace stress.

A stress risk assessment should be carried out if a member of staff indicates that they are experiencing work-related stress (including where notification is via medical certificate). Supportive action must then be taken where necessary to help mitigate against any issues identified.

Occupational health advice should be sought promptly where an employee is absent from work by reason of work-related stress.

A counselling service is available for all staff to access on a confidential self-referral basis. Managers should remind individual staff members about the service if they become aware that support may be required. This includes but is not limited to situations where:

* An employee informs their manager that they are feeling stressed;
* An employee has uncharacteristic absences or responses that state or imply a stress reaction;
* An employee is signed off work by their GP and their fit not identifies stress, anxiety or depression as the cause; or
* An employee has been involved in or witness to a traumatic incident.

### Swimming Pool Operating Procedures

Any school within the Trust which has a swimming pool on site must document their operating procedures, to include: minimum supervision standards; how to summon assistance in emergency; what to do if a problem is identified with pool water quality; supervision in changing areas; maximum numbers of swimmers; conditions of hire to outside organisations; first aid provision; and training of plan operators.

### Vehicle Management

#### Managing Vehicles on Site

Each school within the Trust must ensure that appropriate local measures are in place to manage parking and the movement of all vehicles on site, in order to protect the safety of all other site users and avoid the risk of damage to property. Schools should document arrangements for their own site in Appendix 7: Arrangements for Vehicle Management.

If it is not obvious where individuals should park and/or where delivery drivers should go then clear directional signs must be put in place.

#### School Vehicles

Any school within the Trust which owns/leases any vehicle (e.g. mini-bus) is required to document the arrangements for maintenance and use of the vehicle(s) within Appendix 7: Arrangements for Vehicle Management.

#### Air Pollution

For environmental reasons and particularly in order to minimise air pollution around the school, drivers are expected to turn off their engines when waiting or parked.

### Water Hygiene

The OWLS Academy Trust requires all of its schools to comply with the HSE approved code of practice “Legionnaires’ Disease – the Control of Legionella Bacteria in Water Systems (L8)”.

Each school will:

* Appoint a competent external contractor to provide a suitable survey/risk assessment; the risk assessment should be reviewed at least every two years or whenever there is reason to suspect it is no longer valid;
* Address any remedial actions identified by the survey;
* Appoint a competent external contractor to undertake water sampling and routine cleaning, maintenance and disinfection of water systems and thermostatic mixing valves (TMVs) as applicable;
* Ensure that regular flushing of little used outlets is completed by a competent individual on a weekly basis;
* Employ a competent person to undertake monthly monitoring of water systems, including temperature readings.

The Head Teacher of the school is the Overall Responsible Person for water hygiene.

The Premises Officer shall be the person responsible for monthly monitoring, temperature readings and regular flushing of little used outlets.

### Working at Height

The OWLS Academy Trust adopts the definition of the HSE, which defines working at height as working in any place where, if there were no precautions in place, a person could fall a distance liable to cause personal injury or death.

Each school within the Trust will follow the principles of the HSE guidance “The Work at Height Regulations 2005 (as amended) – A Brief Guide (INDG401)”.

Schools must ensure that:

* Work at height is avoided whenever possible;
* If it cannot be avoided, work at height is properly planned, has a relevant risk assessment, is carried out by competent staff and is carried out in a manner which is, so far as reasonably practicable, safe;
* Those undertaking work at height have received appropriate training and training records are maintained;
* All access equipment (ladders, step ladders, tower scaffolds, etc) is identifiable and inspected as required;
* Any equipment provided to assist with working at height tasks is assembled, used, maintained and serviced in accordance with statutory requirements;
* Any defective equipment is taken out of use until repaired or replaced;
* Work at height must only be undertaken following authorisation from the head teacher. (Appendix 8 of this documents sets out an approved list of activities for which work at height is “authorised” subject to adherence to the appropriate risk assessment);
* Work at height should not be undertaken when working alone;
* An individual risk assessment is completed for all new or expectant mothers and other staff with identified medical conditions that may be affected by undertaking working at height tasks. This may result in some working at height tasks being restricted.
* Any accidents resulting from working at height are investigated to identify root causes, and additional controls implemented as required.

Schools may use a variety of access equipment for tasks which require working at height, including ladders, step ladders and kick stools.

Staff **must** inform the head teacher of any relevant medical conditions before undertaking work at height.

### Workplace Harassment and Violence / Challenging Behaviour and Violence at Work

The OWLS Academy Trust is committed to providing a safe and secure working and educational environment for staff, pupils and any other persons on its sites. Where applicable, in addition to the control measures identified in site specific lone working risk assessments, the following procedures are in place:

* Staff are advised to:
  + Avoid confrontation if possible;
  + Withdraw from a situation or escalating situation;
  + Arrange seating so that a clear escape route from the room to a place of safety is available;
  + Sit near the door, or use a room with two doors;
  + Contact emergency services, as appropriate;
  + Inform the Head Teacher or a member of the senior management team if confrontation has taken place.
* Each school will:
  + Ensure the Head Teacher or another member of the senior leadership team attends the site of an incident on being informed of an incident, if considered necessary;
  + Have in place procedures for the reporting of incidents;
  + Offer counselling / support through Occupational Health;
  + Debrief individuals following any incident;
  + Provide training on how to manage conflict and aggression as required;
  + Review the appropriate risk assessments following any incident.

## Monitoring and Inspections

### Statutory Inspections

Each school within the Trust is responsible for ensuring that statutory inspections are undertaken at their site(s) at required intervals for all plant and equipment required. A chart/electronic system should be developed to detail required inspections, the date of the last inspection, date of the next inspection and who is responsible for undertaking the inspection. This should then be implemented by the Site Manager / Premises Officer and monitored by the Health and Safety Committee.

Records of all statutory inspections must be maintained, together with evidence of any remedial action taken.

### Workplace Inspections

The Trust recognises the importance of undertaking regular formal workplace inspections to ensure that the premises remain a safe working and educational environment for staff and pupils. Each school is required to undertake a formal termly workplace inspection, with findings documented and any remedial actions allocated and addressed. The termly inspection findings should be reviewed by the Health and safety Committee.

It is recognised that termly inspections alone will not keep a premises safe and there is an expectation that staff will promptly report any defects/damage to premises and equipment in accordance with the local procedures for their school.

### Defect Reporting

Each school will have a defect reporting procedure whereby any damage or defect to the premises, equipment or furnishings is reported. Defective equipment must be isolated and labelled as defective in order to prevent use until it is replaced or repaired. Where premises defects are identified a dynamic assessment must be carried out to decide whether an area should be isolated or cordoned off whilst awaiting repair.

## Incident Management

### Evacuation

Each school is required to draw up a bespoke Fire and Emergency Action Plan (see Appendix 4), which sets out the procedure for the evacuation of the school building.

Regular fire drills must be undertaken on at least a termly basis and should include before and after school activities and lunch/break periods. Steps must be taken to ensure that appropriate arrangements are in place to ensure that the fire service do not respond unnecessarily.

Following any evacuation of the building (planned or unplanned), the details should be recorded and any learning points or improvements required should be documented and appropriate actions taken to address these.

#### Personal Emergency Evacuation Plans (PEEPS)

Personal Emergency Evacuation Plans must be developed for any individuals who are at increased risk of harm in the event of an evacuation, and must communicated to relevant persons (see Appendix 5). Increased risk may arise from:

* Individuals with mobility difficulties, whether permanent or temporary (including but not limited to those who use a wheel-chair, crutches, etc)
* Individuals with reduced hearing or sight loss;
* Individuals with special educational needs where these may affect their ability to respond appropriately in the event of an evacuation.

### Invacuation / Lock Down

Each school is required to draw up bespoke plans for invacuation or lock-down procedures, setting out the action to be taken should it become necessary to keep people inside the building. This will normally form part of the schools Fire and Emergency Action Plan (Appendix 4)

### Accidents and Assaults

All accidents and assaults should be reported and recorded in the appropriate accident book within 24 hours of occurrence. All incidents will be investigated in an attempt to identify the root cause, then relevant local policies, procedures and risk assessments will be reviewed and revised as required. Any relevant learning from investigations will be communicated to relevant staff, pupils, etc.

Accident and assault reports will be monitored at least termly; identification of significant trends or major incidents will be reviewed by the SLT as required, with information communicated to the Local Governing Body via the relevant sub-committee.

Accident records will be retained for the following periods:

* Accidents (minor bumps and scrapes) – current year plus 3 years;
* Pupil accidents (more significant injuries) – date of birth of the pupil plus 25 years;
* Employee accidents – date of incident plus 7 years
* Records relating to work-related ill-health – current year plus 10 years or longer (40 years for potential exposure to asbestos, 50 years after last action where the cause is radiation)

Details of any serious accidents/incidents should be reported to the Trust’s Health and Safety Advisors as soon as possible using AssessNET:

<https://www.assessweb.co.uk/version3.2/security/login/frm_lg_entry.asp>.

### Reportable Accidents and Incidents

In accordance with legal requirements, any accident, incident, dangerous occurrence or near miss that are reportable under RIDDOR (Reporting of Injuries, Diseased and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations) as per the HSE’s Information Sheet (EDIS1), must be reported to the HSE within the required timescales.

Details of what constitutes a reportable accident / incident / near miss are set out in the guidance manual.

RIDDOR reports should be submitted by logging the accident / incident on AssessNET (as detailed above).

### Near Misses

Near miss incidents should reported to the head teacher and/or business manager as soon as possible, in order that prompt action can be taken if necessary to address the cause. They should also be recorded in a book or on a Near Miss Report Form (see Appendix 9) to enable actions to be documented and to facilitate further monitoring for any trends which may require wider procedural review. In the event of identification of a significant trend, this must be reported to the Local Governing Body, via the relevant sub-committee.

### Dealing with Health and Safety Emergencies

Any incident will be investigated in an attempt to identify the root cause: relevant local policies, procedures and risk assessments will be reviewed and revised as required. All premises related issues will be addressed in a timely manner. Any relevant learning from investigations will be communicated to relevant staff, pupils, etc. including, where relevant, with other schools within the Trust.

## Monitoring and Review

### General

This Health and Safety Policies document will be reviewed annually at the OWLS Trust policy review day. Any changes arising from this review will be notified to schools after they have been adopted by the Trustees.

The Local Governing Body and Head Teacher of each school should further review local arrangements and procedures as set out in the Appendices on a regular basis, and not less frequently than every two years. This review should take account of health and safety performance at the school.

In order to substantiate that health and safety standards are being achieved, each school should measure its performance against pre-determined plans and objectives. Any areas where the standards are not being met will require remedial action.

Schools should use different types of systems to measure health and safety performance:

#### Active Monitoring Systems

* Spot checks and termly site inspections.
* Regular examination and review of documents relating to the promotion of the health and safety culture.
* Appropriate statutory inspections on premises, plant and equipment.
* Where necessary, implementation of health surveillance and environmental monitoring systems to check the effectiveness of health control methods and to detect early signs of harm to health.

#### Reactive Monitoring Systems

* Identifying where health and safety standards are not being met, by monitoring for failures in the systems (i.e. accidents, cases of ill-health (work-related sickness), damage to property, etc).

#### Reporting and Response Systems

* Ensuring that monitoring information is received, having regard to situations which create an immediate risk to health or safety as well as longer-term trend, and ensuring remedial action is taken.
* Health and Safety Committee, Local Governing Body, Senior Leadership Team and, where appropriate the CEO and Trustees will all receive and consider reports on health and safety performance at an individual school.

#### Investigation Systems

* Implementing investigations for incidents (including near misses), proportionate to the severity of the incident. The investigation will incorporate systems to identify both the immediate and underlying causes of events.
* Analysis of data to identify common features or trends and initiate improvements.

#### 3rd Party Monitoring / Inspection

* All schools are subject to third party inspection and monitoring as part of Ofsted requirements. Actions arising from third party audit/inspection will be incorporated within the school action plan with appropriate target dates for completion.

### Audit

Each school’s health and safety management should be audited by a competent external person not less than every 2 years. This is available as part of the Service Level Agreement in place across the Trust with Leicestershire County Council Health, Safety and Wellbeing Service.

The Trust views this process as a positive assessment of our health and safety management system and expects each school to respond to any findings and take appropriate action to continually improve health and safety across their own site.

# Lone Working Policy

Lone working can occur when:

* Only one person is working on the premises (e.g. premises officer);
* People work separately from each other (i.e. in different locations);
* Individual employees are working alone off-site, including when travelling to an attending meetings, home visits, or working from home.

The OWLS Academy Trust recognises that it has a responsibility and duty of care to advise and assess risk for workers who are required to undertake lone working activities, whether on a regular or an occasional basis.

However, employees also have responsibilities to take reasonable care of themselves and other people affected by their work.

Each school within the Trust is therefore required to ensure that appropriate and proportionate measures are in place to minimise the extent of lone working and to maximise the safety of any member of staff who is engaged in lone working, whether routinely or on an occasional basis (e.g. during school holidays).

## Roles and Responsibilities

### Head Teachers

The head teacher of each school is responsible for:

* Ensuring there are arrangements in place for identifying, evaluation and managing risks associated with lone working;
* Providing resources for putting the arrangements into practice;
* Ensuring there are arrangements for monitoring incidents linked to lone working and reviewing the effectiveness of the policy.

### Line Managers

Line managers are responsible for:

* Ensuring that all staff are aware of the policy;
* Taking all possible steps to ensure that lone workers are at no greater risk than other employees;
* Identifying situations where people work alone and deciding whether systems can be adopted to avoid workers carrying out tasks on their own;
* Ensuring that risk assessments are carried out, implemented and reviewed regularly;
* Putting procedures and safe systems of work into practice which are designed to eliminate or reduce the risks associated with working alone;
* Ensuring that staff groups and individuals identified as being at risk are given appropriate information, instruction and training, including training at induction and update/refresher training as necessary;
* Managing the effectiveness of preventative measures through a robust system of reporting, investigating and recording incidents; and
* Ensuring that appropriate support is given to staff involved in any incident.

### Employees

Employees are responsible for:

* Taking reasonable care of themselves and others affected by their actions;
* Following guidance and procedures designed for safe working;
* Reporting all incidents that may affect the health and safety of themselves or others and asking for guidance as appropriate;
* Taking part in training designed to meet the requirements of this policy;
* Reporting any dangers or potential dangers they identify or any concerns they might have in respect of working alone;
* Seeking the permission of the Head Teacher before working alone on the school premises outside normal school hours / agreed school holiday opening hours;
* Ensuring they do not arrange meetings with parents or members of the public when lone working – meetings must be arranged during school occupancy times or when there are other members of staff on site.

In general employees should **never** work alone:

* with a child or vulnerable adult;
* when operating dangerous equipment / machinery;
* at height.

## Risk Management for Lone Workers

Each school should prepare risk assessments in respect of lone working, including individual risk assessments for workers who are at increased risk (e.g. those with health conditions, pregnant workers) or in respect of one-off tasks. These should consider control measures such as:

* Means of communication between lone workers working on different parts of the site;
* Communications / check-in system when there is only one person working on the premises;
* Identification of any tasks which must not be completed by a lone worker;
* Permission system for out-of hours working;
* Access to adequate first aid facilities;
* Access to mobile phone and other personal safety equipment;
* Personal safety measures if a member of staff must attend the premises in response to the activation of the intruder alarm.

## Monitoring

Lone workers must report incidents such as accidents and near misses, including any incident where they feel threatened and incidents of verbal abuse. All such reports must be investigated and additional safety measures put in place if considered necessary, appropriate and proportionate.

Lone workers are encouraged to seek help and advice and to raise any concerns at any time.

Lone Working Risk Assessments should be reviewed annually or if there is any material change which requires consideration (e.g. change of personnel).

# Policy for the Management of Contractors

The OWLS Academy Trust takes its responsibility to ensure the health and safety of pupils staff and other site users very seriously. From time to time, work must be carried out on school premises by contractors not directly employed by the school or the Trust.

The term “contractor” refers to any party (company or individual) hired by the Trust or a member school to complete work but who is not an employee or volunteer.

Contractors, sub-contractors and specialists working on the school premises are all required to comply with relevant health and safety legislation and HSE guidance. They must also comply with local health and safety arrangements and requirements appropriate to the site and to nature of the work being undertaken.

All contractors must be provided with relevant information regarding health and safety provisions before they are admitted to the school site. As a minimum this must include providing details about emergency evacuation arrangements and informing them if asbestos is present on the site and how they can view the asbestos register.

It is recognised that the nature of work undertaken by contractors is very varied, and that the application of this policy must be proportionate and relevant to the work being undertaken.

## Roles and Responsibilities

### Head Teacher

The Head Teacher is responsible for:

* Ensuring the health and safety of all staff, pupils, visitors and contractors;
* Ensuring that all contractors work in accordance with the Health and Safety Policy and procedures applicable to the school site;
* Ensuring that planned work is organised out of school time, wherever possible;
* Ensuring that contractors work in a responsible and professional manner;
* Ensuring arrangements are in place for contractors to work safely on site during the school day;
* Ensuring contractors are notified of any potential risks posed by the premises.
* Providing access to lit and ventilated toilets and washing facilities, drinking water and cups, and facilities for rest;
* Issuing any statutory notifications to relevant bodies, where applicable (e.g. F10 notification form to the HSE);
* For building / refurbishment projects, providing all contractors and designers with pre-construction information;
* Facilitating good working relationships between the school, principal contractor and (where applicable) principal designer);
* Monitoring and reviewing this policy.

The Head Teacher may delegate certain duties and responsibilities related to the management of contractors to other members of school staff (designated staff), particularly in respect of contractors undertaking routine inspections and smaller scale repairs and maintenance work. This is most likely to include Premises Staff, Business Manager and Office staff.

### School Staff

All members of school staff are responsible for:

* Taking reasonable care of their own health and safety, along with the health and safety of pupils, visitors and contractors;
* Complying with any delegated responsibilities relating to the management of contractors on site;
* Making themselves aware of any upcoming work on site and associated working agreements, and communicating information to children where applicable.

### Contractors

Contractors are responsible for:

* Complying with all health and safety legislation and with all policies and procedures required by the school;
* Acting in a responsible and professional manner;
* Ensuring they are aware of an comply with the school’s fire and emergency evacuation procedures;
* Working in a safe manner and not endangering staff, pupils, the public or themselves;
* Actively working towards an optimal working agreement between themselves and the school.

## Planning

The school will identify all aspects of work to be undertaken by a contractor and consider the health and safety implications.

Before proceeding with any building or refurbishment projects the school must ensure that:

* Consent has been obtained from the landlord (Leicestershire County Council);
* All statutory approvals are in place (e.g. planning permission);
* Existing building utilities will sustain any new work;
* It has ascertained whether the project falls under the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015 (CDM);
* It is certain that the appointed contractor is competent.

## CDM Regulations

Schools across the Trust must always check whether CDM regulations apply when considering works. The CDM regulations apply to all building, maintenance, refurbishment and demolition work.

Where the CDM regulations apply, the school is expected to comply with the HSE’s approved code of practice Construction (Design and Management) Regulations (L153) relating to the management and control of contractors, ensuring that:

* The roles of client, principal designer, designer, principal contractor and contractor are understood and formally allocated;
* Competent contractors are used;
* Clear specifications of works are drawn up by a competent person to include phases of the work, duration, separation of building and school site, delivery times and locations, tapping into utilities, site security, fire and emergency co-ordination, fire escape routes, accident reporting, etc.;
* Pre-start meetings take place to discuss how works will be managed, responsibilities, codes of conduct, and to assess new hazards that may be introduced to the site;
* Key contacts are identified;
* Regular update meetings take place throughout any works/projects;
* Works are visually monitored and any concerns immediately reported;
* Works are signed off and any associated certification and documentation is obtained;
* All staff, pupils and other users of the site remain in a safe environment for the duration of the works;
* All contractors are given access to the asbestos register;
* All contractors complete a contractor site induction before commencing work.

For projects which are expected to exceed 30 days or to involve more than 500 person days of work, the following must take place:

* Notification to the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) via form F10;
* Appointment of a principal designer;
* If more than one contractor is on site, the appointment of a principal contractor;
* Production of a health and safety file and construction phase plan.

## Selection of Contractors

Before confirming a contractor to work on school premises, the school must be satisfied that the contractor is competent to complete the job safely. The school will determine competency via a series of checks, which may include:

* Previous experience / qualification in respect of the work required;
* Clear health and safety policies and procedures;
* Copies of safety method statements / relevant risk assessments;
* Their accident / dangerous occurrence reporting systems, including the number of accidents etc. in the last year;
* Whether they sub-contract and how this is selected (the school should ensure that their selection criteria are sufficient);
* What health and safety training and supervision are provided for their workforce;
* Whether they have been independently assessed for competency and by whom;
* Membership of any relevant trade or professional bodies;
* References;
* Details relating to any HSE actions (e.g. improvement or prohibition notices, or any prosecutions).

The school will pay regard to local authority approved contractors when making contract decisions.

In addition to the above, the school must comply with the financial procedures for procurement of all goods and services as set out within the Trust Finance Policies Manual, when appointing contractors.

## Risk Assessments

Both the school and the contractor are required to make a “suitable and sufficient” assessment of the risks associated with any activities undertaken and put in place appropriate measures to control these risks.

Contractors may be asked to submit copies of site and task specific risk assessments and method statements, prior to commencing work.

## Safeguarding

Contractors ***may*** be required to hold Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) enhanced disclosure certificates for the children’s workforce. The requirement to undertake a DBS check will depend on the nature of the work being carried out.

Contractors ***will*** require a DBS check if they meet the criteria determining “regulated activity”, defined as:

* Frequent contact – once a week or more on an ongoing basis;
* Intensive contact – on four or more days in any 30-day period;
* Overnight contact – between 2am and 6am.

Where contractors who do not require a DBS check are on site during the normal school day the school should take proportionate steps to effectively manage child-protection and safeguarding risks. Depending on the location, nature and duration of the works such steps may include:

* Segregation (keeping children away from the areas of works);
* Supervision of the contractor;

### Identification

In line with established procedures, all contractors must display a visitor badge at all times while on school premises during term time, unless they are working exclusively within a secured works zone with its own signing in and out procedures.

Schools must give consideration to the format of visitor badges for contractors to ensure that they can be worn safely taking account of the nature of the work to be undertaken (e.g. clips or stickers may be preferable to lanyards for some manual tasks).

Staff members who encounter an unidentifiable visitor should enquire if they require assistance and direct/escort them to the school office or off site.

Pupils must be taught that if they encounter an unidentifiable visitor they must tell a member of school staff immediately.

## Working Together

The managers and supervisors from all parties will exchange information regarding the work to be undertaken, risks, safety procedures, etc, that may affect the other party.

A pre-contract meeting will take place between the school and the contractor prior to work commencing. This may be formal or informal, depending on the nature and duration of the work, and will address:

* Programme of works to be established and agreed;
* Emergency procedures;
* The sound of the alarm;
* How and when to raise the alarm;
* Whether any fire drills are due;
* The use of appropriate clothing;
* The use of appropriate language;
* Limiting disruptive noise;
* Activities which are prohibited on school grounds, including:
  + Smoking (including the use of e-cigarettes)
  + Possessing or drinking alcohol
  + Playing radios (during term time, and at other times if it is likely to disturb neighbours / school staff)
  + Taking, possessing or being under the influence of illegal substances
  + Shouting, swearing or over-familiarity with pupils or staff

Designated persons from each party will meet at appropriate intervals to discuss progress and any concerns.

Where there is more than one contractor on site, parties will communicate to ensure that their work will not interfere with each other.

## Managing Contractors

The Head Teacher is the designated contact with contractors. No other staff member may give instructions to contractors unless this has been delegated by the Head Teacher. It is assumed that the Premises Officer has delegated authority to give instructions to contractors appointed specifically in respect of routine inspections, repairs and maintenance.

A contractor induction form should be completed before work commences on any longer-term or larger scale projects (Appendix 10).

The contractor will provide full and adequate supervision during works and provide the name of the person responsible for site supervision. There will be one point of contact for both the contractor and the school.

The contractor must ensure that all agreed work practice is in place. If they utilise sub-contractors, they must ensure these adhere to the agreed work practice and that supervision is provided where necessary.

Contractors may be required to:

* Provide a copy of their Health and Safety Policy;
* Provide written risk assessments / method statements before work commences;
* Keep noise and dust to a minimum;
* Work behind substantial physical barriers / closed doors, with appropriate warning signs displayed;

Contractors are expected to:

* Remove all rubbish / debris at the end of each day (caterers have alternative disposal arrangements);
* Test all works on completion, as necessary, and supply the school with commissioning / test data;
* Provide all necessary protection of floor/wall/door surfaces against damage through works, including the provision of dust sheets, etc;
* Provide their own First Aid facilities;
* If appropriate, post notices to inform staff, pupils and the public of works being undertaken, as an aid to their safety;
* Dress appropriately for the work being undertaken, including use of correct personal protective clothing/equipment at all times.

The head teacher, or a member of staff acting on behalf of the head teacher, has the authority to stop work if they have concerns regarding the behaviour or competence of a contractor, or if they believe a danger is posted to contractors, staff or pupils.

## Monitoring and Review

The school will maintain an incident register containing accurate details of all significant incidents involving or relating to contractors. This will be monitored to identify any developing patterns and to consider the need for action.

# Appendices

## Appendix 1: Maintenance and Inspection Checklist

### In-School Inspections

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Item to be Checked** | **Inspection Nature and Frequency** |
| PE equipment | Visual inspection in line with risk assessment |
| Hazardous work equipment | Visual inspection daily or prior to use |
| Emergency lighting | Monthly battery test |
| Control of substances hazardous to health (COSHH) | Review of safety data sheets and storage facilities at least once per term (or every 4 months) |
| Display screen equipment | Visual inspection at least once per term (or every 4 months) |
| General physical of premises and equipment | Each term (or every 4 months) or more often as required by building and conditions |
| General work equipment | Visual inspection at least once per term (or every 4 months) |
| Kilns | Visual inspection at least once per term (or every 4 months) |
| Ladders | Visual inspection at least once per term (or every 4 months) |
| Ponds | General inspection at least once per term (or every 4 months) |
| Local exhaust ventilation | Visual inspection at least once per term (or every 4 months) |
| Fume cupboards | Visual inspection at least once per term (or every 4 months) |
| Passenger lifts | Monthly planned maintenance inspection |
| Non-passenger lifts | Quarterly planned maintenance inspection |
| Power presses | Inspection of guards and safety devices within first 4 hours of operation or on tooling change. |
| Gas cylinders and welding equipment | Daily or prior to use |
| Swimming pools | Water quality – manual dose systems every 2 hours during use, or in accordance with risk assessment |
| Swimming pools | Water quality – automatic dose systems 3 times a day |

### Independent Contractor Inspections

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Item to be Checked** | **Inspection Nature and Frequency** | **Competency Requirements** |
| Water (storage and distribution) \* | In accordance with risk assessment |  |
| Fire alarms and associated equipment | 3 monthly test |  |
| Emergency lighting | Annual test of systems |  |
| Portable fire fighting equipment | Annual inspection |  |
| PE equipment | Annually through examination |  |
| Outdoor play equipment | Annually | RPII member |
| Microwave equipment \* | 2 yearly inspection and test |  |
| Portable electrical appliance \* | 2 yearly inspection and test | City & Guilds 2377 - Level 3 Certificate for the inspection and testing of electrical equipment |
| Fixed electrical wiring | 5 yearly test and inspection |  |
| General Lifting Equipment for lifting persons | 6 monthly inspection |  |
| General Lifting Equipment not for persons | Annual inspection |  |
| Kilns | Annually through examination |  |
| Ladders | Annually through examination |  |
| Hazardous work equipment | Annually through examination |  |
| Safety critical premises equipment | Annually |  |
| Gas Systems (including boilers, catering equipment and kilns) | Annually |  |
| Water supply quality | Annual test |  |
| Ionising radiation \* | Inspection in accordance with risk assessment | CLEAPSS Radiation Protection Supervisor Training |
| Pressure systems | In accordance with written scheme of examination |  |
| Gas cylinders and welding equipment | Thorough examination once per term (or every four months) |  |
| Fume cupboards \* | Every 14 months | CLEAPSS Fume Cupboard Monitoring (ducted and/or filter fume cupboards) training |
| Local exhaust ventilation | Every 14 months |  |
| Power presses without fixed guards | Six monthly thorough examination |  |
| Power presses with fixed guards | Annual thorough examination |  |
| Powered pedestrian doors | 6 monthly servicing and annual inspection |  |
| Passenger lifts | 6 monthly insurance inspection |  |
| Powered stair lifts | Annual planned maintenance inspection |  |
| Lightning conductors | 11 monthly test and inspection |  |
| Swimming pools | External water quality tests in accordance with risk assessment (at least quarterly) |  |

\* May be carried out by a competent employee provided they have the necessary qualification / training

## Appendix 2: Health and Safety Induction for New Employees

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Employee Name:** |  |  |  |
| **Job Title:** |  | **Start Date:** |  |

Induction training is required by the Health and Safety Policy to provide new employees with adequate information, instruction and guidance on health and safety matters. This form should be completed by ALL new staff on their first day of employment.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Yes** | **N/A** |
| 1. Issue a copy of the staff handbook, signpost access to the Health and Safety Policy, and advise on any departmental or role specific issues. |  |  |
| 1. Explain who is the responsible person for health and safety within the school and how they can be contacted. |  |  |
| 1. Explain the importance of health and safety and the employee’s own health and safety responsibilities. |  |  |
| 1. Explain where health and safety information is located (e.g. notice boards, network, websites, etc) |  |  |
| 1. Explain where health and safety advice, occupational health referrals, counselling and support can be found. |  |  |
| 1. Provide (or make available) copies of any health and safety policies or procedures or methods of work that a relevant to the employee’s employment or to any area/department in which they will work. |  |  |
| 1. Fire Safety 2. Alarm tests – time and sound 3. Action on hearing the alarm 4. Location of emergency exits 5. Assembly points 6. Who to report to |  |  |
| 1. Appointed person for first aid. |  |  |
| 1. Location of first aid boxes. |  |  |
| 1. Trained first aiders. |  |  |
| 1. Accident / Incident reporting procedure and location of forms |  |  |
| 1. RIDDOR reporting |  |  |
| 1. Reporting Hazards and near misses |  |  |
| 1. Relevant risk assessments |  |  |
| 1. Emergency procedures other than Fire |  |  |
| 1. COSHH – safe use of substances / chemicals |  |  |
| 1. Special safety precautions |  |  |
| 1. Safe use of machinery and equipment. |  |  |
| 1. Manual handling |  |  |
| 1. Occupational health policies (including smoking) |  |  |
| 1. Protective clothing |  |  |
| 1. Invacuation procedure – full and partial lock down |  |  |
| 1. Other relevant information (e.g. previous training) |  |  |
| 1. Tour of premises / site and introductions to relevant personnel |  |  |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Signed (Inductor):** |  |  |  |
| **Signed (Employee):** |  | **Date:** |  |

Copy to be retained by the school and the employee, for health and safety records

## Appendix 3: Training Matrix

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Head Teacher | Deputy Head Teacher | SBM / Bursar / Office Manager | Head of Department | Teaching Staff | Non-Teaching Staff | Admin Staff | Premises Officer | Cleaner | Mid-day Supervisor | Governor | H&S Governor | Volunteer / Parent Helper | Science Staff | Food Technology Staff | EVCO |
| Health and Safety for Governors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Management of Health and Safety Awareness |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asbestos Awareness |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DSE Assessor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fire Risk Assessment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fire Safety Awareness |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health and Safety for Premises Officers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manual Handling Awareness |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Risk Assessment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working at Height Awareness |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Aid\* | Nominated Staff | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Evac Chair Training | Nominated Staff | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Food Hygiene Certificate \* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pool Plant Operators \* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Radiation Protection Supervisor\* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EVC Training \* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Induction (to be developed by each school) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supporting Children with Medical Conditions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic Back Management for Staff Moving & Handling People | Nominated Staff | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PASMA / Mental Health First Aid | Nominated Staff | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

\* Provided by external trainers for each school to source

## Appendix 4: Fire & Emergency Action Plan – GLENMERE PRIMARY SCHOOL

### EVACUATION PROCEDURE

#### **Key Responsibilities**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Office Staff | Mel Moore  Jacqui Danson |
| Premises Staff | Stuart Wright |
| Head Teacher | Sam Conlon |
| Teachers | See staff list |
| Other staff | See staff list |

### When the fire bell sounds, the teacher’s task is to supervise the safe and orderly exit of children to the Assembly Point, which is on the playing field, using the nearest fire exit. If any children are out of their classroom, they are not to go back, but leave via the nearest exit and meet their class at the Assembly Point.

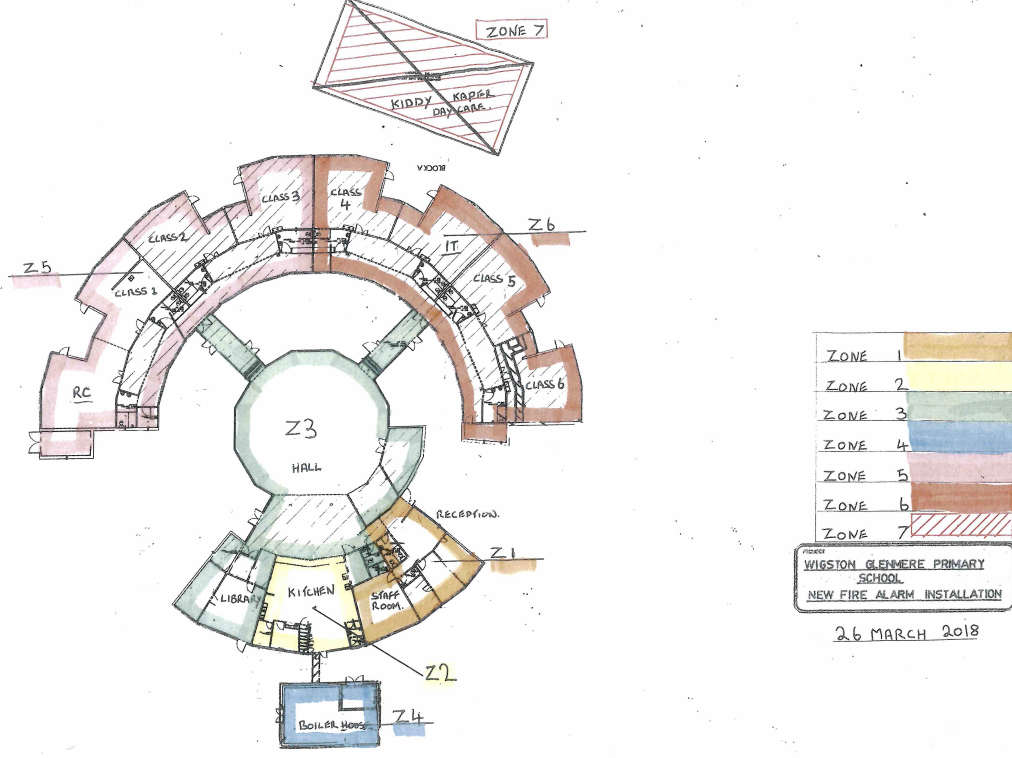
### Staff that are not in classrooms must check the area and collect the fire zone card and take this out and give it to the most senior member of staff. If it is lunchtime, dinner staff will take the children out of the nearest exit, children on the playground will be taken around to the field. Staff inside will collect zone cards. Office staff or senior staff will check the fire panel to locate where the fire is meant to be and check this area before an alarm can be turned off.

**Points of exit**

* Classrooms -use external fire exit doors
* Corridor outside classrooms – use classroom external fire exit doors
* Library – external fire door
* Hall – exit by premises
* Staffroom/offices – used main entrance door
* Kitchen – use external fire exit door

Any staff not in a class must check the area and collect the zone card. If a teacher is with the class on their own, they must sensibly send the children out to the field, then check that no children are left in the corridor or toilets. Doors and windows will be closed.

Once on the field, the teachers will call the register and report any discrepancies to the Headteacher (or person in charge). The office staff will check the attendance log. All zone cards will be given to the senior member of staff, this will ensure that all areas of the school have been checked. When all persons are counted and correct, the Headteacher will give the signal to return to the school building. This will



**SCHOOL EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN AND DISASTER RECOVERY PLAN**

In accordance with Health and Safety statutory requirements it is the responsibility of the school to have a plan in place for responding to emergencies, to ensure that it is reviewed regularly, to ensure that the relevant people are aware of its existence, contents and implications, to keep the plan safe and to identify responsibilities within the plan.

A major emergency in a school can arise out of many different events, e.g.:

* A serious accident involving children and school personnel on or off the premises
* A violent intrusion onto the school premises by malicious person, either in person or by means of arson or a bomb
* A school building becoming unsafe as a result of fire or structural damage
* A release of hazardous substances (chemicals) near or on the school site
* Severe weather such as floods, high winds, extreme storms etc
* Epidemic (e.g. meningitis, legionnaires disease, flu)
* The death or major injury of a child, staff member or governor (through accident, suicide or murder)

Other events may also be deemed to be emergencies in schools because of the impact they have on teachers, pupils or other staff, sometimes for a protracted period of time. Such events could be:

* An incident in the community which is seen or experienced by pupils or staff
* An incident affecting relatives of pupils and which is known about within the school
* An incident affecting a nearby comparable school

The main threats are perceived to be:

* The loss of buildings/parts of buildings by fire, storm, damage etc
* The failure of major utilities – electricity, gas, water
* The loss of school data/records/expertise by fire, storm, theft, loss of key personnel etc
* The loss of equipment, particularly computer equipment, by fire storm, theft, etc

**Prevention of threat**

Fire, storm etc: all normal procedures must be regularly followed, equipment maintained and serviced and personnel trained on their use: e.g.

* Emergency evacuation drills held regularly (for fire/other emergency)
* Fire extinguishers regularly serviced
* Fire doors kept shut
* Litter kept to a minimum and bins emptied regularly
* Hazardous material kept in secure storage
* COSHH assessment regularly updated
* Buildings kept secure and water tight
* Site kept secure
* Security systems (fire alarms, intruder alarm, access control), maintained in good order

Theft: all normal procedures must be regularly followed:

* Buildings and equipment kept secure
* Site kept secure
* Security systems maintained in good order
* Staff vigilance

Loss of records: Back up of records kept in fire proof safe.

Loss of key personnel:

* Senior management team to take responsibility in absence of headteacher
* Key financial procedures to be written in a manual/ business continuity plan.

Security of equipment and assets:

This should include:

* All equipment records in the relevant assets register and inventories with up-to-date records and values
* All valuable equipment clearly marked with the school asset security label
* Where possible equipment fixed to surfaces, or kept in single location
* All software inventories kept with up-to-date values and details
* Vigilant site and building security

Risks to pupils/staff

Records are kept of pupils who are subject to court orders and who may not be approached by named

Individuals.

Known risks in the community

All schools have a system of informing each other of suspicious or unusual persons in the vicinity of the school.

Human flu pandemic/infectious diseases

Advice from the government and infectious diseases guidance will be followed. Children will be reminded about the need to use tissues and to maintain personal hygiene. Cleaning staff will be made aware of the need to use disinfection products in high use/risk areas. Parents and staff will be informed through email, website ‘class Do Jo.

**ACTION TO BE TAKEN IN THE EVENT OF AN EMERGENCY**

**PHASE ONE**

**During school day**

1. Hit a fire alarm call point Various locations

2. Contact fire brigade, give precise details (and ambulance Head of senior staff

if necessary)

3. All personnel evacuated to assembly point – roll card taken All staff, visitors

4. Receive emergency services, and direct towards problem on Head

arrival

5. Administer first aid (if required) First Aid trained staff

6. Shut down electricity and gas (and water) Premises staff with Fire Brigade

7. Contact Leicestershire Council Head (see additional advice)

**Outside school hours**

1. On receiving call from monitoring system Emergency key holder

2. Contact Headteacher Emergency key holder

3. Arrive at school – call ambulance if required Emergency key holder

4. Communicate with Fire Brigade to problem Emergency key holder – direct

5. Administer first aid if required Ambulance

6. Shut down electricity and gas and water Premises Officer/Fire Brigade

7. Contact Leicestershire Council/CEO of Trust Headteacher

**PHASE TWO**

**During school time and outside school hours**

8. Fire Officer advise on state of buildings Premises Officer/Head

9. Decide on best course for students Headteacher

10. Protect rest of school, staff, visitors Headteacher

**PHASE THREE**

11. Set up Disaster Recovery Team meeting: time and place Head

12. Contact governors, insurers, press etc as appropriate Head

**DISASTER RECOVERY PLAN**

To follow phases 1 and 2 of the Emergency Procedures. During this phase the Disaster Recovery Team is responsible for all actions on the sire and parts of the site may only be released for school activities after they have confirmed that it is safe and reasonable to do so.

**Priorities for Disaster Recovery Team**

a) Establish communications: telephone, email, etc

b) Establish a control room base

c) Check all buildings are safe and secure

d) Assess damage

e) Liaise with LA officers/CEO of Trust

f) Assess how much of the school can be used, who should use it and when

g) Look for temporary accommodation

h) Assess equipment shortages

i) Look for temporary equipment replacement

j) Take advice from engineers, insurers, loss adjusters, on state of damage and ways to restore

k) Make (temporary) repairs to consolidate the situation

l) Demolish unsafe areas

m) Salvage and clean items which can be salvaged

n) Make plans for parking/delivery of students, etc to site

Incidents at school: EVACUATION FROM THE BUILDING – the school field, where classes line up at the bottom of the field. EVACUATION FROM THE SCHOOL SITE: Back field by Tendring Drive or from front gate on Estoril Avenue. If pupils/staff require alternative shelter walk whole school in small groups to Langmoor Primary School Hall. We also can evacuate the school through the gate at the end of the playground into Brockshill Primary School. The evacuation exit would depend on the safest exit in the emergency.

Sheltering at Langmoor School: in the event that we are advised to shelter in the building, the children will be accommodated in the school hall which has access to toilets and water. There are chairs and tables for use, and mates for the children to lie on if necessary. Food and water are accessible in the school kitchen. There are fire doors for quick exit if required.

**Incidents which happen to staff and pupils out of school**

On school trips/visits:

* All staff carry mobile phones
* The teacher has a class list with them so they know who is on the trip
* The teacher carries contact telephone numbers for all parents in after school events so individuals can be contacted quickly
* The school office has the mobile number of the staff member responsible for the trip and other staff on the trip
* The school office has contact numbers and copies of PI sheets for all pupils. Parents and staff are advised to store school contact numbers in their phones for emergency use, or to inform the school of incidents

**Returning to normal**

The Senior Management team in conjunction with the CEO of the trust and chair of governors will discuss such measures as are deemed necessary in order to restore the school to normality. This will depend upon the type of emergency. It may involve outside agencies, and advice will be sought from the health services, the police, other emergency services and the LA should counselling be required for any member of the school family.

**INVACUATION (LOCK-DOWN) PROCEDURE**

**Invacuation procedure**

The term ‘invacuation’ refers to the process of making staff members aware of an emergency and moving pupils, staff members and visitors to the most sheltered areas within the building. This procedure is employed if moving outside would increase the risk of harm to people.

The aim of the invacuation procedure is to protect lives by keeping people inside away from perceived danger. The Headteacher, or another designated member of staff will sound the alarm as soon as a concern has been raised. Main entrances into the school site will be locked if necessary. Prior to the procedure the

Where an invacuation occurs during lesson time, pupils will be guided towards their designated lassroom, where the blinds will be drawn, the door locked and children will go under the tables.

Pupils, staff members and visitors will remain in their designated rooms or positions until told to do so by the emergency services, or the Headteacher has given an announcement to declare the risk has gone. Staff will be responsible for reassuring pupils and keeping them calm during the procedure. When the invacuation procedure has finished, pupils will return to their classroom where a register will be taken. Throughout the invacuation procedure the school office will keep in contact with the emergency services.

**Lockdown procedure**

‘Lockdown’ refers to the procedure of locking external doors and windows before taking immediate shelter in a secure location. This procedure is invoked as a response to a security threat.

The Headteacher will ensure that all staff members understand when and how this procedure will be implemented. Depending on the circumstances either a partial lockdown or full lockdown procedure will be implemented.

As soon as the alarm has been raised the school office staff will ensure that the relevant emergency services are informed. In the event of the school implementing the lockdown procedure pupils will be instructed to remain in their classroom or will be guided to the nearest suitable room. Staff members will ensure that the toilets, canteen and playground are cleared of all pupils, staff members and visitors.

Pupils who are outside the school or not in classrooms will be led inside as quickly as possible, unless this will endanger them and others. If staff members, pupils are visitors remain outside during the implementation of a full lockdown they will hide in a designated safe area until the emergency services have arrived. Classroom teachers will be responsible for the pupils within the classroom.

When all personnel and pupils are inside doors and windows will be securely locked, including fire doors, external doors and internal doors. Classroom teachers will conduct a register or headcount. Staff will notify the school office immediately of any pupils not accounted for. SLT will conduct an on-going risk assessment based on advice from the emergency services. All pupils, staff members and visitors will be made aware of their nearest exit point incase an intruder manages to gain access. If it considered necessary to leave the school site staff will lead pupils and visitors to the pre-arranged alternative point of safety. Pupils may be asked to hide or disperse if this will improve their safety.

In the event of a partial lockdown movement may be permitted within the building dependant on the circumstances.

All personnel will remain inside until an ‘all clear’ signal has been given. Parents will be notified as soon as it is practicable to do so. Pupils will not be released to parents during a lockdown. If it is necessary to evacuate the building a continuous ring of the fire alarm will be sounded.

## Appendix 5: Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP) Template

|  |
| --- |
| Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP) for  <<Name>> |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Prepared by:** |  |
| **Date Prepared:** |  |

**Review History:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Reviewed By** | **Date** |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
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|  |  |

This form should be completed for anyone who requires assistance with any aspect of emergency evacuation, including those who may be experiencing temporary mobility difficulties (e.g. using crutches, etc). Once developed, the PEEP will describe the individual’s intended means of escape in the event of emergency, including drills. The PEEP will specify what type of assistance is agreed, how it is to be maintained to ensure the individual’s continued safety and should include assistance required from the point of raising the alarm to passing through the final exit of the building.

A completed form should be held:

* In the pupil’s personal record file / employee’s personnel file;
* By the class teacher

This plan must be reviewed on an annual basis, and more frequently when a significant change in circumstances (of the building or individual) is anticipated or identified. The PEEP should be coordinated by:

* The SENCO or designated member of the SLT (for pupils); or
* The School Business Manager or designated member of the SLT (for staff and volunteers)

**About the Individual**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Individual’s Name:** |  | **Class (Pupils):** |  |
| **Location of Main Base in School:** |  | | |
| **Name(s) of Person(s) Completing This Form:** |  | | |

**Points to Consider**

In preparation for completing details in this form, please consider the following, discussing them with the individual if appropriate:

| **Question** | **Answer** | **Comments** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Does the individual change their location within the building(s) during the course of the day? If yes, which rooms do they spend time in? |  |  |
| Does the individual have difficulties reading and identifying signs that mark the emergency exits and evacuation routes to emergency exits? |  |  |
| Does the individual have any difficulties hearing the fire alarm? |  |  |
| Is the individual likely to experience difficulties independently travelling to the nearest emergency exit? |  |  |
| Is the individual dependent on a wheelchair for mobility? |  |  |
| If the individual uses a wheelchair, would they have problems transferring from the chair without assistance? |  |  |
| Is the individual dependent on mobility aids (e.g. crutches, walking frame, etc)? If yes, to what extent is this likely to impede their rate of evacuation? |  |  |

**Alarm System**

| **Question** | **Answer** | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Is the individual able to raise the alarm?  If Yes, describe how  If No, detail alternative procedures agreed |  | |
| How will the individual be informed of an emergency evacuation?  Give details | * Existing alarm system * Vibrating device | * Visual alarm system * Other (specify) |
|  |  | |

**Exit Route Procedure**

Please describe the process/progress from the moment the alarm is raised until the individual arrives at the assembly point.

|  |
| --- |
|  |

**Designated Assistance / Adjustments**

Please provide details of all persons designated to assist in the evacuation plan and the nature of assistance to be provided by each.

|  |
| --- |
|  |

Please describe the method of assistance (e.g. transfer methods, methods of guidance) or any adjustments that need to be made to the standard evacuation process.

|  |
| --- |
|  |

**Equipment**

| **Question** | **Answer** | **Comments** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Is any equipment needed in order to execute this plan? If Yes, where is it located? |  |  |

Please record details of training on use of equipment:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Delegate** | **Comments** |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

**Safe Routes**

If the individual is unable to follow normal emergency exit routes from any location in the building where they may be located, please describe the alternative safe routes here (or attach a building plan with alternative routes marked.

|  |
| --- |
|  |

**Implementation**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Yes** | **No** | **N/A** |
| Have the emergency routes from all relevant parts of the building been travelled by the pupil and a responsible person? |  |  |  |
| Has a copy of the alternative exit routes on a plan been attached? |  |  |  |
| Has the equipment details above been tried and tested? |  |  |  |
| Have all issues been completed to full satisfaction? |  |  |  |
| Have all relevant staff been informed of these arrangements? (e.g. class teacher, LSA) |  |  |  |

If the answer to any of the above is “No”, please explain

|  |
| --- |
|  |

**Sign-Off**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Name** | **Signed** | **Date** |
| **Individual** |  |  |  |
| **Parent** |  |  |  |
| **Head Teacher** |  |  |  |
| **SENCO** |  |  |  |

## Appendix 6: Security Plan – GLENMERE PRIMARY SHOOL

### PHYSICAL SECURITY

**What is in place/monitoring and maintenance of physical security measures**

The governors of Glenmere Primary School recognise and accept their responsibilities to provide a safe and secure environment for children, employees and visitors to Glenmere Primary School. The school security procedures will operate within the framework described in this policy personalising the Leicestershire County Council’s (HCCs) model.

Where appropriate, the governors will seek any necessary expert advice to determine the security risks and precautions required to deal with them.

Responsibility for security at Glenmere Primary School is held by Mrs Sam Conlon, who is the responsible manager.

Governors will ensure the school has a security policy implemented and monitor the performance of the site security measures. This will be achieved by monitoring performance on visits via Sam Conlon, the Headteacher. All Governors observing its implementation when they visit the school. The Headteacher will:

* Implement the security policy approved by the Governors
* Ensure that staff receive information, instruction and training on the security policy and procedures
* Establish a system for the reporting, recording and investigation of breaches of the policy and take reasonable steps to prevent a re-occurrence
* Ensure that all visitors, contractors and agency staff adhere to the security policy
* Consider particular risk situations eg home visits, lone working etc
* Monitor and review the implementation of the policy and security arrangements

Staff will:

* Comply with the arrangements made by the Headteacher, Sam Conlon to ensure the safety of children, employees and others on the site
* Report any shortcomings to the Headteacher, Sam Conlon

Children will:

* Be encouraged to exercise personal responsibility for the security of themselves and to co-operate with the arrangements made for the security of the school.

Children, parents, carers and visitors will:

* Be expected to respect the measures taken by the school to improve and ensure security
* Be encouraged to report ideas and problems to the staff or Governors or both

At Glenmere Primary School, electronic surveillance CCTV has been installed in strategic areas of the school site and is used as a deterrent, for identification purposes, safety of persons and monitoring on and off site.

An effective intruder alarm is in operation and is set when the site is not in use, which is monitored by Chubb Security.

Security lights are on whilst the premises are unoccupied after dark.

The responsibility for unlocking and the daily locking-up of the building will be performed by the Site Manager, or internally managed for Governors or other meetings that may take place outside of these locking-up arrangements.

**Directional signage**

Directional signs have been placed in the car park and at the entrance to the school building, so visitors enter the school via the front door.

**Site access controls/door controls**

Controlled access is a combination of measures to ensure that the risk to children, staff and visitors from unauthorised visitors is minimised. The extent of physical controls, such as electronically controlled doors and gates and higher fences have been decided by a robust security risk assessment of the school and site, taking into account the risk presented by visitors, general public and contractors.

All outside doors of the main building, including the main entrance via the reception area are electronically locked with access via 4-digit code are to remain closed at all times. The outside doors leading to the school field, from the classrooms are to remain closed when empty.

Door codes are issued to staff at their point of induction to the school, and are enabled to use on all outside doors to the building. Door codes will be issued to all permanent and semi-permanent staff only and to the Chair of Governors.

The door to the main building is operated via a buzzer and intercom system which is operated via a release button for access and a wall release button for exit. Access to the main building using this entrance will be enabled by the school admin staff using a release button located in the reception area or by other staff who are inside the building.

The vehicle gates are electronically secured and operated via the buzzer/intercom system located on the left-hand side of the entrance to gain entry to the site. Drivers have the option via two buttons located on the intercom system linked to the school or children’s centre, this area is monitored by 24 hour CCTV.

The pedestrian access/exit gate leading directly onto the school grounds is electronically released at 6.00am and secured again at 9.05am. It is released again at 3.05pm and secured again at 6.00pm each day during term-time. During term-time this system is manually operated by school admin staff and any visitors in between these periods of closure will be able to access/exit via the push button intercom system located on the wall.

Glenmere Primary School will take all reasonable efforts to control access to the building and grounds to prevent unauthorised access to children and ensure the personal safety of staff.

### PROCEDURAL SECURITY

**Visitor access and supervision arrangements**

Visitors should sign in on the electronics sign-in system and all visitors are issued with a ‘visitors badge’ before they are allowed access to the school campus. Visitors will be accompanied by a member of staff to their destination and will be returned by a member of staff to sign-out.

Contractors and maintenance personnel will not always have been DBS checked, therefore they should not have unsupervised access to children, and will be supervised as follows:

* Contractors will be expected to sign-in at reception and will be issued with an ID badge. Most contractors and other agencies will usually be wearing their own form of ID, which at Glenmere Primary School are acceptable and in all cases need to be checked
* Contractors will park in authorised and pre-arranged parking areas only
* Contractors will only carry out work agreed at the beginning of the contract and during the times agreed
* Contractors will be supervised by school staff
* Contractors will comply with the contractors risk assessment

**Key holders**

The key holders at Glenmere Primary School are the Headteacher, the Deputy Head and the Premises Officer.

**Cash handling**

Staff should avoid keeping cash on the premises whenever possible, safes should be used and kept locked at

all times and accessed by designated staff only. All staff should avoid handling cash in visible areas. Any money requiring banking should be carried out at regular times, particularly where substantial sums are involved. The school operates as a ‘cashless school’ using the MCAS Pay income system through BromCom. Parents, carers and staff are expected to sign-up to this system to pay for school lunches, school uniform, school trips, before and after school activity clubs etc. Account details are issued for children at point of admission or on request to admin staff. The school will not take responsibility for any income ‘mis-laid’ if accepted and retained by staff. The safe key is retained in the Admin Officers Office (whereabouts known by admin staff only) with other admin keys.

Cheques should be made payable to Glenmere Primary School. Income received and accepted at Glenmere

Primary School is recorded and is kept in the school safe and banked regularly. It is collected by Kings

Security. Amounts of income vary, but no more than £1000 will ever be kept on the premises. Once income

has been banked a transaction will be entered on the school’s financial system by the Business Manager.

**Personal possessions/Lost property/high value/desirable equipment – storage, inventory etc**

Items of value, including portable equipment with a value above £250 will not be left unattended in rooms

where there is public access. In such locations the room will be locked when it is vacated. Wherever possible

valuable items will not be left where visible from outside. The security risk assessment will take into account

the location and security arrangements for high vale equipment eg, ICT equipment. Personal property will

remain the responsibility of its owner. This includes both staff and children’s property. Both should be

discouraged from bringing any valuable personal property to school. It is expected that children’s property

is named and labelled, to ensure that any items that become ‘mislaid’ can be given back to them.

**Releasing children at the end of the school day**

Parents and children know that no child should go out of the school gate at the end of the da unless he/she

is accompanied by their parent, or designated guardian. If the person due to collect the child is not in the school playground then the child is taught to return into the safety of the school

building.

**REPORTING SECURITY CONCERNS**

If a member of staff sees an unknown person in school without a ‘visitors badge’ then it is his/her responsibility to take sensible and appropriate measures to ascertain the nature of their business, without endangering personal safety, or the safety of the children.

Significant incidents of theft and vandalism are always reported to the police and when necessary the relevant insurance forms are completed.

If arson or an assault on any person were to occur these incidents would automatically be reported and dealt with as above.

Minor acts of vandalism eg broken glass in the playground are always reported to our local community police officer.

The school maintains contact with organisations such as the police and the Local Education Authority to ensure its procedures are effective, current and familiar to staff, governors and, where appropriate, the pupils.

## Appendix 7: Arrangements for Vehicle Management – GLENMERE PRIMARY SCHOOL

**Vehicles belonging to staff, visitors and parents/deliveries/grounds maintenance vehicles**

The car park has been designated for site staff use and is accessible for authorised vehicle users only via activation by school admin staff. All staff using the car park are advised at the point of induction, that double parking across other vehicles, or disabled bays is not acceptable, and that if no bays are available they are advised to park outside the premises. The car park has one designated disabled bay.

The area outside of the staff entrance is designated as an emergency entrance, and will be used for the setting down of deliveries, short-term contractor use and emergency vehicle use only and is therefore deemed to be controlled and not long standing.

Use of the car park is at the owners own risk, the school cannot be held responsible for loss or damage.

Vehicles should not be permitted to enter or leave the main car park when children and families are arriving at the beginning and leaving at the end of the day.

**Cycles**

The school encourages children to cycle to school and have provided suitable shelter for this purpose located at the side of the school entrance. Children are expected to secure their own cycle with adequate cycle locks and remain responsible for keys/combinations etc, and are stored at their owners risk: the school will not be held responsible for loss or damage.

Children who cycle to school on their own must have first taken instruction from the ‘Bikeability’ lessons offered to all children in Years 5 and 6, and to have gained the Level 2 qualification before being allowed out onto the road on their own.

Other children who may wish to cycle to school and have not received the ‘Bikeability’ instruction, must at all times be accompanied by a parent or carer or other named adult pre-arranged with the school.

All cyclists, who wish to use their cycles to travel to and from Glenmere Primary School MUST wear a correctly fitted helmet conforming to BS Kite Standard, wear appropriate reflective clothing and use bike lights when visibility is poor.

**Coaches (educational visits)**

All coaches will park outside the premises.

## Appendix 8: Approved List of Working at Height Activities – GLENMERE PRIMARY SCHOOL

Glenmere Primary School is committed to protecting the health, safety, and wellbeing of its employees. Glenmere Primary School recognises that falls from height are one of the biggest causes of workplace fatalities and major injuries. Falls from ladders is one of the most common causes. This guidance document details the arrangements in place to prevent injuries to staff from working at height.

The law states that every employer shall ensure that:

* Work at height is avoided where possible (alternative way of working planned)
* If work at height cannot be avoided it is properly planned (including planning for emergencies and rescue)
* Appropriately supervised
* Carried out in a manner which is, so far as is reasonably practicable, safe
* Weather conditions do not jeopardise the health and safety of persons involved in work at height
* A risk assessment is conducted for all work at height activities

Head Teachers/Managers are responsible for ensuring that all persons engaged in working at height activity, or work equipment for use in working at height, is competent to do so, either through:

* Carrying out the necessary training
* Being supervised by a competent person
* Selecting competent contractors to carry out the work

**PLANNING WORKING AT HEIGHT**

The following requirements need to be considered when planning and undertaking work at height. This list is not exhaustive;

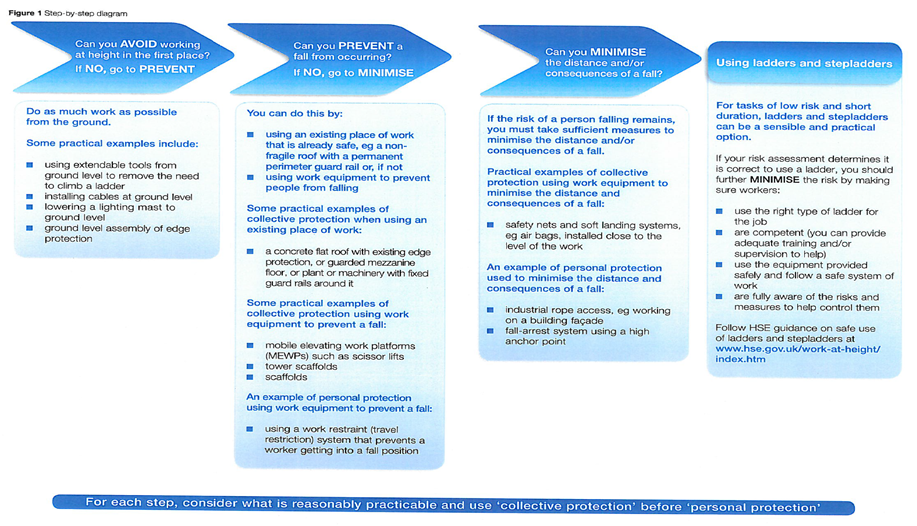
* Managers, Head Teachers and those in control, must first assess the risks
* Weather conditions must be reviewed so that worker safety isn’t compromised
* Check that the place where the work at height is to be undertaken is safe (repeat checks before every use to ensure that it remains safe)
* Suitable and sufficient control measures should be implemented to prevent injury from falling objects, such as installing mesh/kick boards on scaffolding and/or an exclusion zone to keep people away from the area
* Ensure that materials are stored safely so that if they are disturbed or collapse, they won’t cause any injury
* Ensure that work carried out on a fragile work surface is properly controlled
* Always plan for emergencies and rescue, ensure that evacuation procedures are in place (and employees know about them) and foreseeable situations are considered

**EQUIPMENT**

When deciding which type of access equipment to use for a job, a thorough risk assessment must be carried out taking into account the:

* Time the activity will take to complete
* Height of the work
* Work activity itself (including any tools or complex works)
* Location of the works
* Employee’s competency

**GUIDE TO WORKING AT HEIGHT**



## Appendix 9: Near Miss Report Form (Example)

A “near miss” is defined as being any incident, accident or emergency which did not result in an injury but had the potential to cause harm. Reporting a near miss enables the school to take appropriate action to:

* reduce the risk of a recurrence of the incident; and/or
* to reduce the potential for a recurrence to result in harm.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Name:** |  | | **Incident Date & Time:** |  |
| **Location of Near Miss:** | |  | | |

|  |
| --- |
| **Please provide a brief description of what happened** |

|  |
| --- |
| **Who might have been harmed or what damage might have been caused?** |

|  |
| --- |
| **What do you think caused the incident?** |

|  |
| --- |
| **Please provide the name(s) of any witness(es)** |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Signed:** |  |  |  |

**School Use:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Action to be taken | Who by? | Date complete |
|  |  |  |

## Appendix 10: Contractor Induction Form

This form should be used to ensure that all appropriate HS&W issues are effectively communicated between clients and external contractors. Where issues are identified, efforts should be made to ensure appropriate controls are agreed.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **General Information** | | | | | | | |
| Site Name: |  | | | | | | |
| Contractor Name: |  | | Company Name: | |  | | |
|  | | Contact Number: | |  | | |
| Project Reference: |  | | | | | | |
| Date of Works: |  | | | | | | |
| Project Manager: |  | | | | | | |
| CDM Notifiable: | 30+ Days: |  | 500+ Staff Days: |  | | N/A: |  |
| CDMC Name: |  | | | | | | |
| F10 Form Submitted: | YES / NO | | | | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Contractor Communications** | | | | | | | | | |
| Risk Assessments Observed: |  | | | | | | | | |
| Method Statements Observed: |  | | | | | | | | |
| Public Liability Insurance Certificate: | Cover: | £: | | Date: |  | | Activities: | |  |
| Hot Works on Site: | YES / NO | | | Permit to Work Form Complete: | | | YES / NO | | |
| Excavation on Site: | YES / NO | | | Permit to Work Form Complete: | | | YES / NO | | |
| Evidence of Competence Provided:  ([Consider SSIP List](http://www.ssip.org.uk/)) |  | | | | | | | | |
| **Hazards Apparent** | **Hazard** | | | | | **Tick** | | **Controls in Place?** | |
| Work at heights: | | | | |  | |  | |
| Work near fragile surfaces: | | | | |  | |  | |
| Falling objects: | | | | |  | |  | |
| Asbestos: | | | | |  | |  | |
| Work on Mains Services: | | | | |  | |  | |
| Mobile plant / large vehicles: | | | | |  | |  | |
| Lifting equipment: | | | | |  | |  | |
| Access to confined spaces: | | | | |  | |  | |
| Hot work: (e.g. welding) | | | | |  | |  | |
| Toxic, harmful or corrosive substances: | | | | |  | |  | |
| Significant amounts of dust | | | | |  | |  | |
| Significant noise levels | | | | |  | |  | |
| Other (specify) | |  | | |  | |  | |
|  | | |  | |  | |
|  | | |  | |  | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Safeguarding Children / Vulnerable Adults:** | |
| Are contractors required to work in isolation? |  |
| Are children / vulnerable adults on site? |  |
| Is a DBS check necessary? |  |
| Has a DBS been provided by contractor? |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Client Communications:** | |
| Asbestos survey observed | YES / NO / N/A |
| Visual demonstration of asbestos location provided | YES / NO / N/A |
| Local asbestos contingency procedure communicated | YES / NO / N/A |
| Refurb/demolition survey completed for refurb/demolition projects | YES / NO / N/A |
| Fire evacuation procedure | YES / NO |
| First aid provision | YES / NO |
| Welfare arrangements | YES / NO |
| Client contact details | YES / NO |
| Additional on-site hazards (please specify) |  |
|  |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Action** | **Who** | **Date Complete** |
|  |  |  |  |
| **Further action required following this induction** |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

|  |
| --- |
| By signing this form the above named contractor and appropriate client contact confirm that they have effectively communicated relevant information pertaining to the HS&W risks associated with the works being carried out during this project. This signature also demonstrates the contractor’s commitment to comply with on-site rules / procedures as stipulated by the client.  Contractor: ………………………………………… Name: ………………………………… Date: …………………...  Client ……………………………………….. Name: ………………………………… Date: ………………….. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Significant findings from contractor inspection** |  |

## Appendix 11: Corona Virus (COVID-19) Addendum

In accordance with the Owls Trust’s Health and Safety Policy this Corona Virus (COVID-19) addendum has been established.

In the event of a pandemic or public health threat, Owls Academy Trust is committed to protecting the health and safety of children, staff and visitors. To accomplish this, the Owls Academy Trust adheres to the guidelines published by the Department of Public Health. The Trust also works closely with local public health and other local authorities in addressing pandemic/public health threats to our school communities. This guidance could/may apply to any infectious diseases of this scale.

**General COVID-19 Information**

Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) is a respiratory disease caused by a novel (new) coronavirus that was first detected in China and which has now been detected in over 70 countries internationally, including in the United Kingdom. The virus has been named “SARS-CoV-2” and the disease it causes has been named “coronavirus disease 2019” (abbreviated “COVID-19”).

On January 30, 2020, the International Health Regulations Emergency Committee of the World Health Organization declared the outbreak a “public health emergency of international concern” (PHEIC).

Coronaviruses are a large family of viruses that are common in people and many different species of animal, including camels, cattle, cats, and bats. Rarely, animal coronaviruses can infect people and then spread between people such as with MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV, and now with this new virus (named SARSCoV-2).

The SARS-CoV-2 virus is a betacoronavirus, like MERS-CoV and SARS-CoV. All three of these viruses have their origins in bats. The sequences from U.K. patients are similar to the one that China initially posted, suggesting a likely single, recent emergence of this virus from an animal reservoir.

Early on, many of the patients at the epicenter of the outbreak in Wuhan, Hubei Province, China had some link to a large seafood and live animal market, suggesting animal-to-person spread. Later, a growing number of patients reportedly did not have exposure to animal markets, indicating person-to-person spread. Person-to-person spread was subsequently reported outside Hubei and in countries outside China, including in the United Kingdom.

Both MERS-CoV and SARS-CoV have been known to cause severe illness in people. The complete clinical picture with regard to COVID-19 is not fully understood. Reported illnesses have ranged from mild to severe, including illness resulting in death. While information so far suggests that most COVID-19 illness is mild, scientific research suggests serious illness occurs in 16% of cases and in some cases death. Older people and people with certain underlying health conditions like heart disease, lung disease and diabetes, for example, seem to be at greater risk of serious illness.

All schools in the Owls Academy Trust have produced detailed Risk Assessments in order to reduce the risk of children, staff and visitors contracting the disease. These are compiled in accordance with the most recent government guidance available.