Class 2 Subject: Geography
Hot and cold places

Vacabulary I should be able to emplain

How are hot and cold places in the world different?

vocabiliary I should be able to explain	
and use gram this unit	
Atlas	A collection of maps in a book
North	The direction which is on your
	legt when you are looking
	towards the direction where the
	sun rises
South	The direction which is on your
	right when you are looking
	towards the direction where the
	sun rises
Desert	A desert is a very dry place
	that experiences little rain and
	theregore plants don't grow there.
	It is diggicult to gind water in a
	desert
Humid	When there is a lot of moisture
	in the air it is said to be humid.
	Hot countries are often very
	humid.
Polar	At the North or South Pole

Metacognition

What am I being asked to do? Which strategies will I use? Are there any strategies that I have used before that might be useful?

The British Values I will be demonstrating and deepening my understanding of will be: tolerance, rule of law, individual liberty



Geography

In diggerent places on earth we can expect to find diggerent temperatures and weather. The type of weather that is usually expected is called a climate. The climate of a place does not change day by day or hour to hour and, although you might expect it to be hot in a particular place, it may be colder. A good way to remember the diggerent between weather and climate is: climate is what you expect to get in a place and weather is what you actually get.

Raingorests are often close to the Equator. They are hot, with lots of rain!

Hot deserts are quite near to the Equator. They are very dry.

The North and South Poles are the coldest places on the planet. Antarctica is very cold, with snow and ice covering much of the area all year round.

How hot or cold a place is aggects what plants or animals can live there. People need to wear and use diggerent things for hot places from those for cold ones.













