Class 6 Subject: History 'We'll gight them on the beaches!'

Project: A historical study of the key aspects of WW2

The British Values I will be demonstrating and deepening my understanding of will be: tolerance, rule of law, individual liberty



Vocabulary I should be able to explain and use from this unit Evacuation People leaving a place, like when children were evacuated from the cities to the countryside. Occupied When a place is taken control of by military, for example, when Germany took control of different countries. Rations A fixed amount of food which was allowed to each person during the War. Victory An act of defeating an enemy in a battle. Propaganda This is material, like adverts and posters that aims to push a particular political point of view – this can sometimes be misleading. Territory An area of land belonging to or under the rule of a leader/government.		
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DIG ON

Life Skills Persistence Well-being Health Resilience Empathy Respect Responsibility Right and wrong

History

World War 2 started on the 1st September 1939 and ended on 2nd September 1945, lasting 6 years.

The War included countries all over the world including, Great Britain, Russia (then known as the USSR) and USA who were Allied forces. They, along with others, were fighting again countries including, Nazi Germany, Italy and Japan.

Great Britain had a lot of countries within its Empire and Commonwealth who were brought in to fight for the Allied cause.

Great Britain declared war on Germany in 1939 as a response to Hitler's invasion of Poland.

Neville Chamberlin was the one who declared war. Winston Churchill became prime minister in May 1940.

The Battle of Britain lasted 3 months and 3 weeks. This was where the Royal Air Force (RAF) defended the United Kingdom against attacks by the Nazi Germany air force – the Luftwaffe. 10th July to 31st October 1940. They began attacking London both day and night, however, Britain were victorious. This stopped Hitler occupying Britain.

At the start of the Battle of Britain, they were outnumbered but they increased production in factories and created more plane than the Luftwaffe.

After the Germany were defeated in the Battle of Britain, the German air force attacked London more at night to avoid attacks by the RAF. This was known as the Blitz

During the war, it was dangerous to live in the cities as they were often bombed so they evacuated children to the countryside where is was safer.

Metacognition

What am I being asked to do? Which strategies will I use? Are there any strategies that I have used before that might be useful?