

Knowledge

Cause and Consequence	If the first World War was so horrific, why did Britain go to war just 20 years later? - Neville Chamberlain declared war on Germany - Before declaring war, he appeased Hitler for different reasons - After the invasion of Poland from Nazi Germany, Britain declared war	
Cause and Consequence	Was it necessary for children to be evacuated? - Children were evacuated from the big cities to the countryside to keep them safe - Propaganda from the government encouraged mothers to send their children away - Numbers of evacuees was high at the start of the war and during the Blitz	
Historical Interpretation	What was life like as an evacuee - Evacuees had different experiences, depending of different factors such as their host family and prior life experiences - A lot of our understanding of different experiences come from primary sources of first-hand accounts of people who were evacuated	
Historical Interpretation	What was life like on the home front? - The efforts on the home front which helped the war efforts included rationing, women working in factories, evacuations, air-raid shelters, gas masks and the home guard - Propaganda from the government focused on giving a positive message to keep the moral up. This meant it did not always reflect the reality	
Change and continuity	What was life like on the home front - rationing? - Food was rationed during the war - People were encouraged to grow their own food to help the war efforts - People used ration cards to ensure it was shared equally	
Change and Continuity	How did the Blitz impact Britain? - The Blitz was consecutive bombing air attacks on large cities carried out by the Luftwaffe - It lasted from September 1940 until May 1941 - The aim was to destroy infrastructure, cause devastation and lower morale	
Evidence and sources	Call my bluff - Artefacts can help us develop our understanding of what life was like during the war. - The different artefacts were using during the war efforts to help	

Key Vocabulary

Evacuation	People leaving a place, like when children were evacuated from the cities to the countryside.
Occupied	When a place is taken control of by military, for example, when Germany took control of different countries.
Rations	A fixed amount of food which was allowed to each person during the War.
Victory	An act of defeating an enemy in a battle.
Propaganda	This is material, like adverts and posters that aims to push a particular political point of view – this can sometimes be misleading.
Territory	An area of land belonging to or under the rule of a leader/government.

